



PASER Training

Part 1: Distress Identification



Agenda

Why Rate Roads?

Distress Identification for Rating:

- Asphalt
- Concrete
- Sealcoat

Stop distractions!



3

Not Registered?

Call (906) 487-2102 after training



4

Why is TAMC Rating Roads?



Public Act 499 (2002) Summary

All public roads in Michigan will be managed using the principles of asset management.



Michigan
Transportation Asset
Management Council

6

Public Act 199 (Dec. 2007)

TAMC shall develop a pavement management system.

MDOT and local agency reporting to the council is mandatory.

- Road and bridge condition
- 3 year project plan
- Expenditures

7



**Michigan
Transportation Asset
Management Council**

To support excellence in managing Michigan's transportation assets by:

Advising the Legislature and State
Transportation Commission

Promoting asset management principles

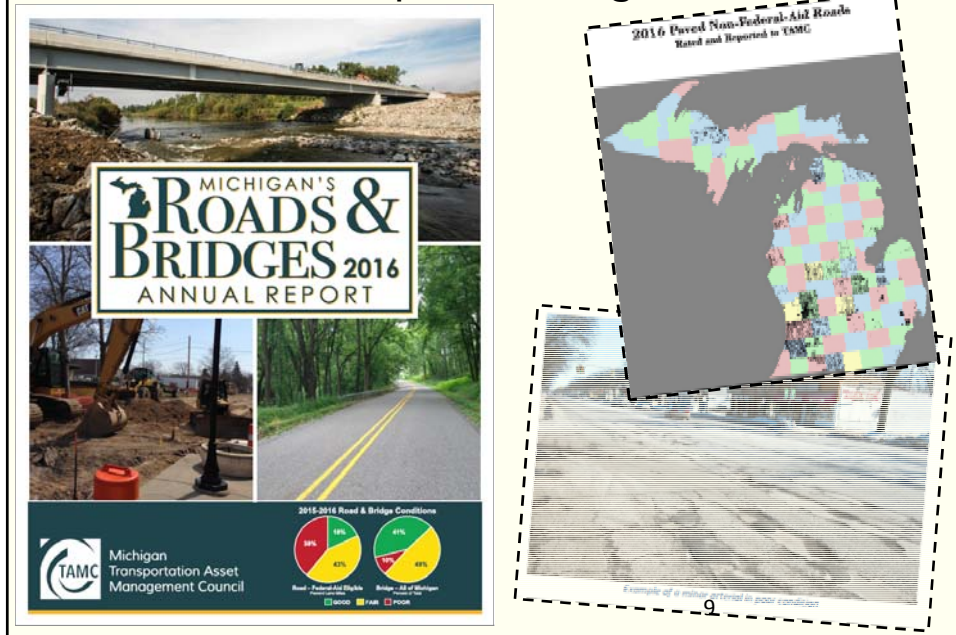
Providing tools and practices for road
agencies



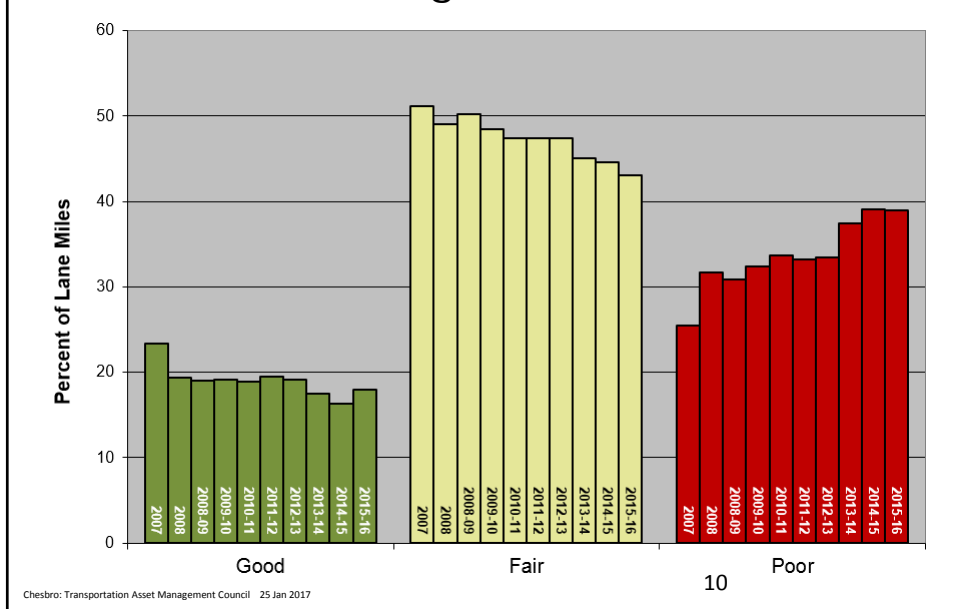
**Center for
Technology & Training**

Michigan Technological University • Department of Civil & Environmental Engineering

TAMC Annual Report To Legislature



2007-2016 Pavement Condition of Federal Aid Eligible Roads

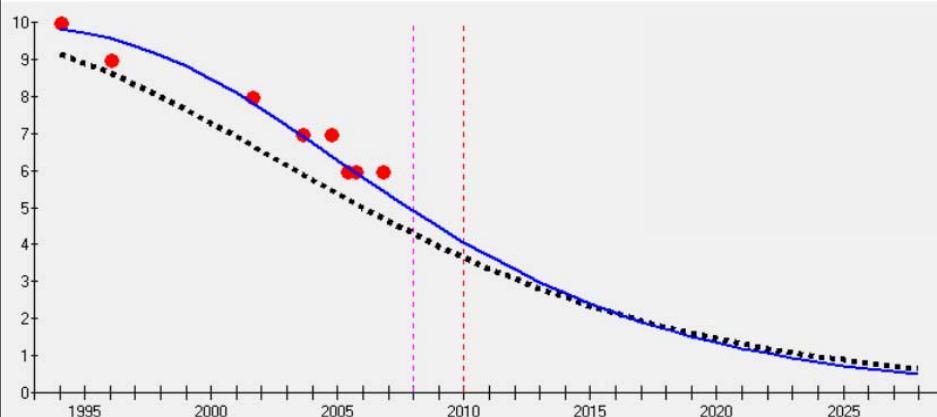


Why Should You Rate Roads?

- See how road condition is changing
- Estimate future road condition
- Measure effectiveness of past improvements
- What, Where and When improvements are needed

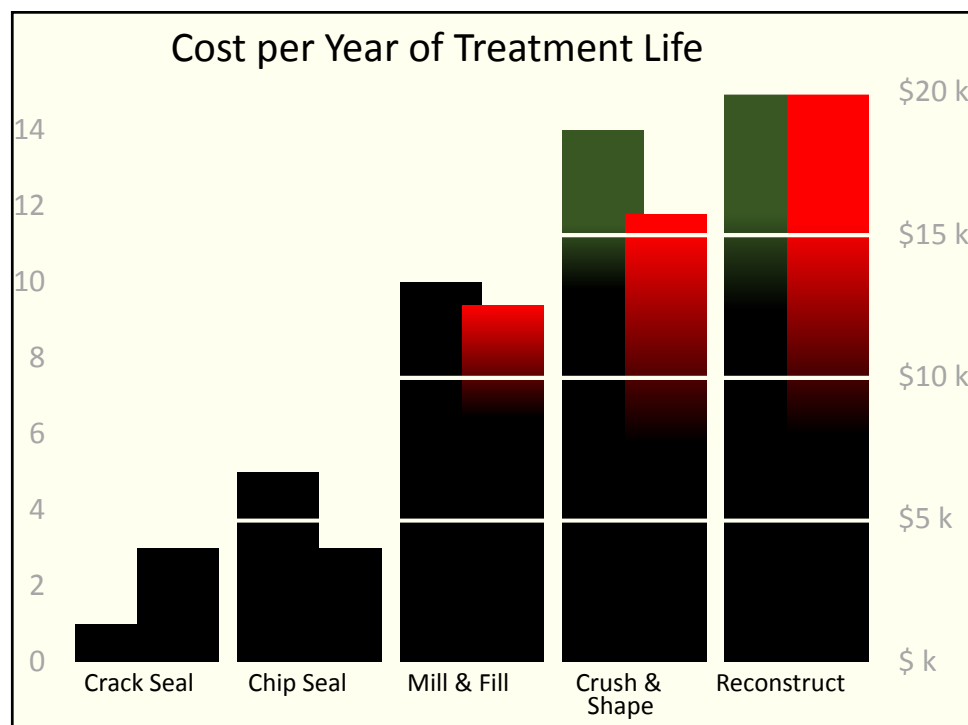
11

Estimating Deterioration

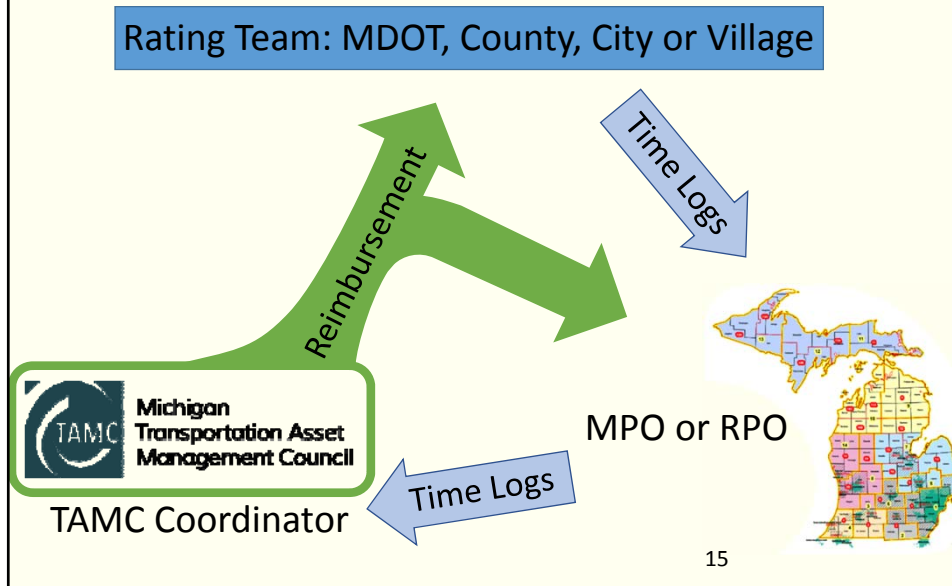


12

Cost Effectiveness of Treatments



Training & Data Collection Effort Is Funded



Data Collection Policy

All rating team members must attend:

1. PASER webinar - new raters and raters that did not do item 2
2. Onsite PASER training - in the same year of collection
3. IBR training - every 3 years

See the TAMC Policy for more details:

http://www.michigan.gov/documents/tamc/Policy_for_Collection_of_Roadway_Surface_Condition_Data_602939_7.pdf



16

TAMC Coordinator Assists With:

Reimbursement
Certification
Data collection policy
Reporting requirements

Roger A. Belknap,
TAMC Coordinator
Ph: (517) 373-2249
BelknapR@michigan.gov

Dave Jennett,
TAMC Transportation Planner
Ph: (517) 241-5164
JennettD@michigan.gov

17

Preparing for Rating



18

A Tale of Two Data Collections....

- TAMC federal aid data collection
- Non-federal aid data collection
 - Agency decides what to collect
 - Agency must get approval first to be eligible for reimbursement
 - Agency rater does their own roads

19

Who? What? How?



Raters
County or City
MDOT
RPO or MPO



20

What Tools Are Used?



Roadsoft 2018.1*

Roadsoft GPS Laptop Data Collector 2018.1*

Framework Version 17

*or latest as of April 1 2018

21

Start Date / End Date

- First Monday of April
Start collecting (weather permitting)
- Last Friday of November
Last day to collect
- First Friday of December
Last day RPO/MPO to submit to CSS

22

4 Major Pavement Types & 3 Manuals

Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA)



Composite



Concrete



Sealcoat



2 Other Pavement Types

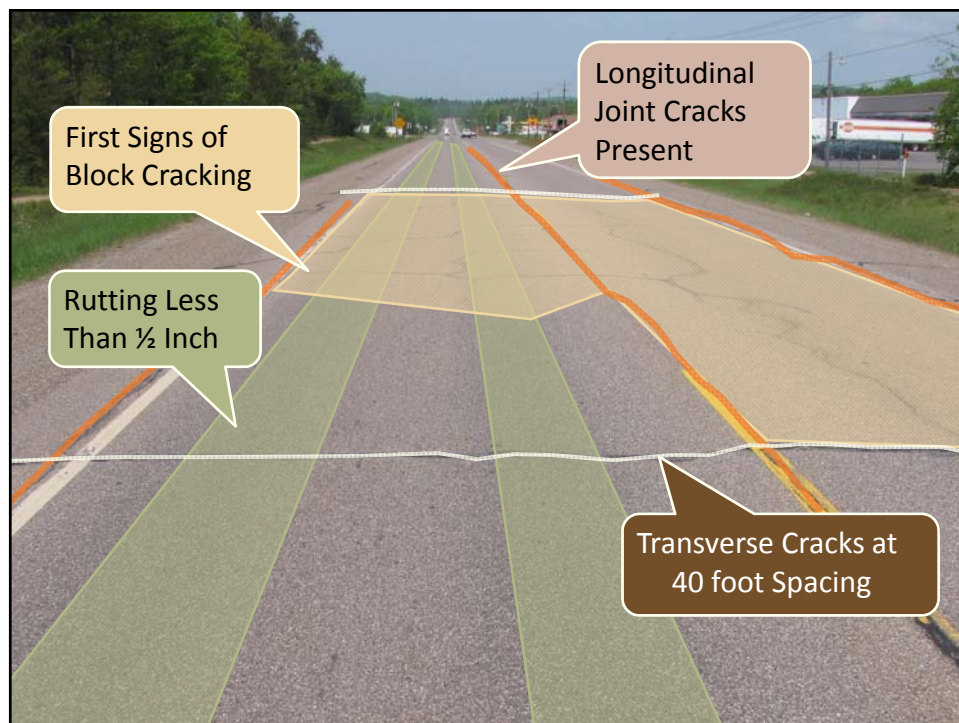
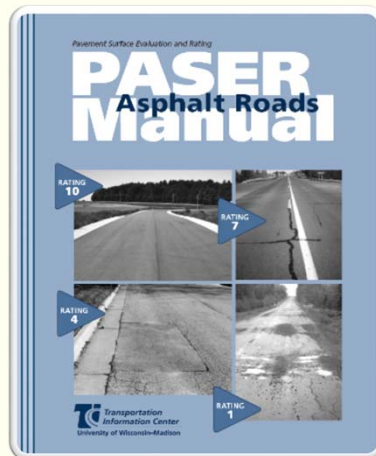
Brick



Gravel



Asphalt Pavement

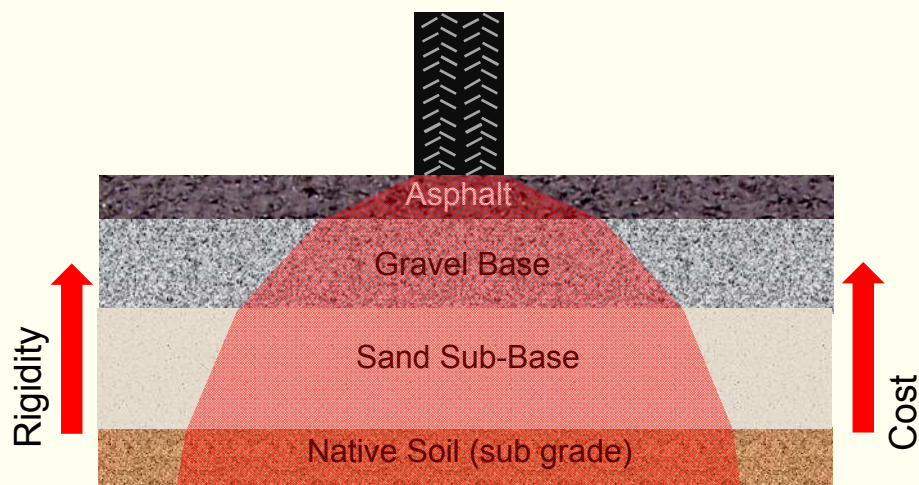


Asphalt Distress Types

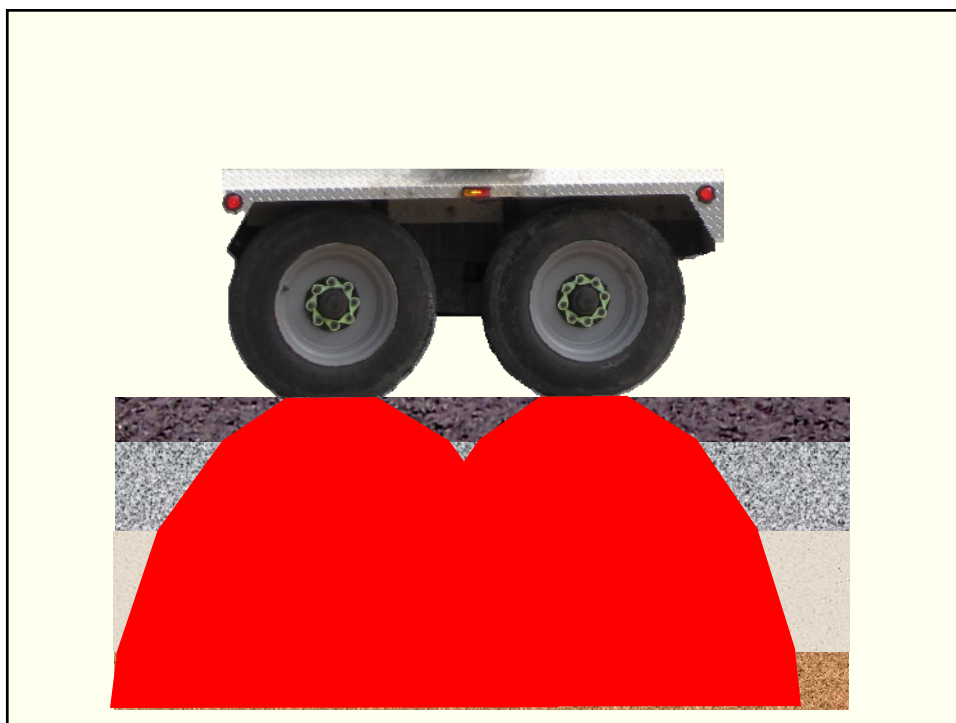
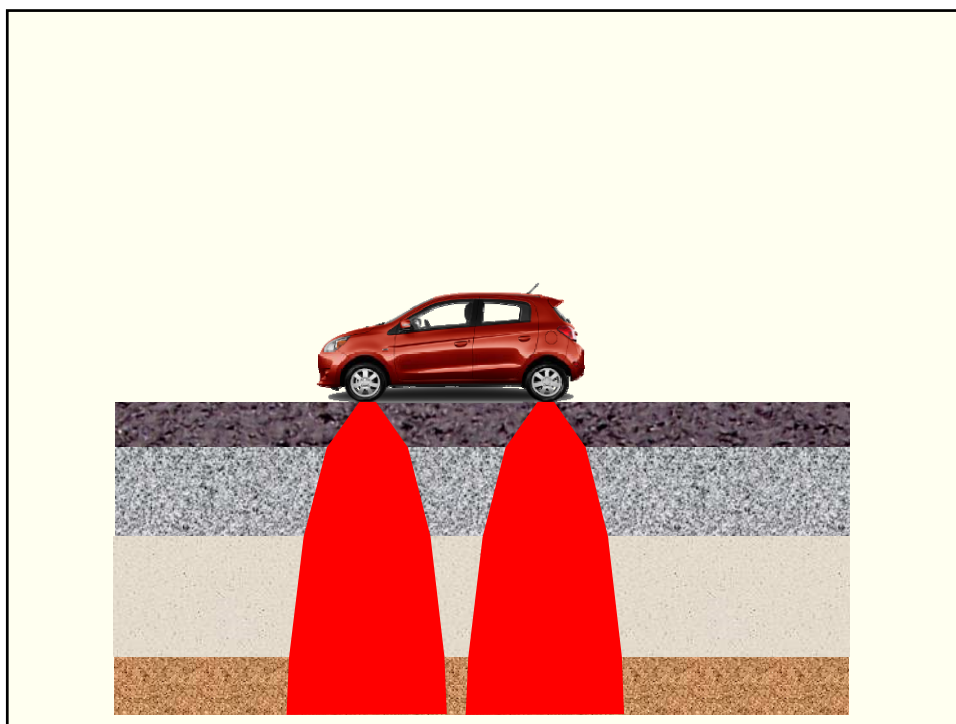
- Structural
- Age-related
- Surface defects
- Limited extent (generally)
- Others (potholes and patches)

27

Load Distribution



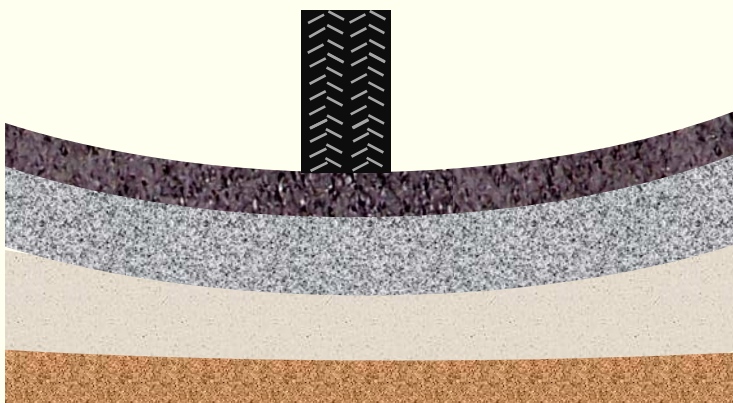
28



Traffic



Traffic



Structural Distresses



Rutting



Cracking in Wheel Path

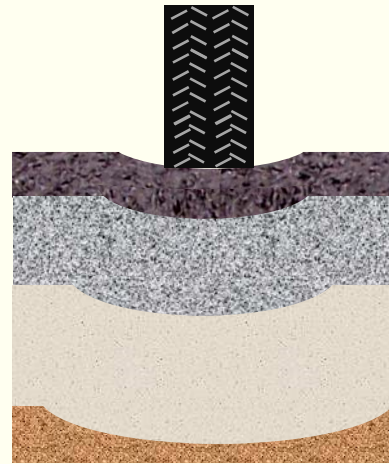


Alligator Cracking

Structural Distress Rutting



Deep Rutting



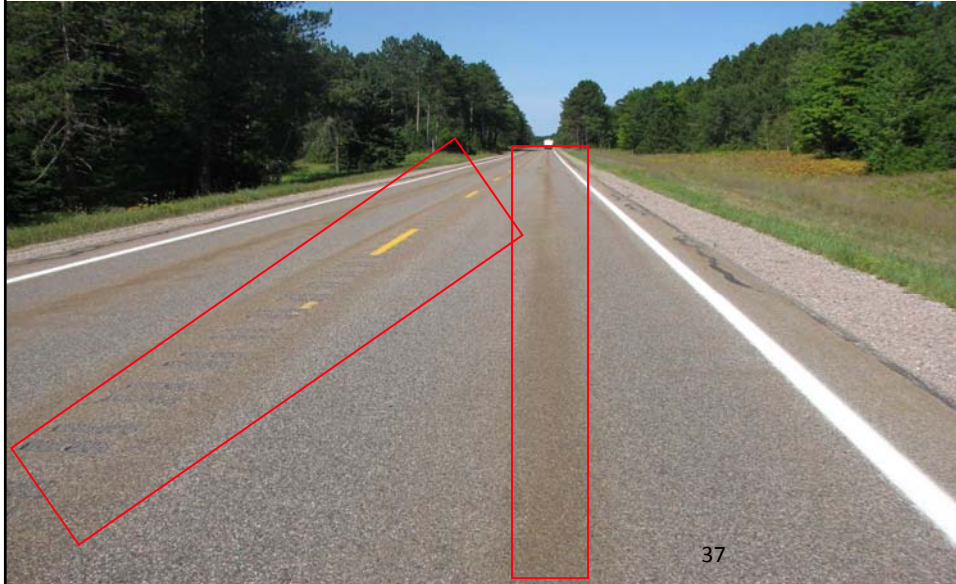
35

Surface (mix) Rutting



36

Signs of Rutting



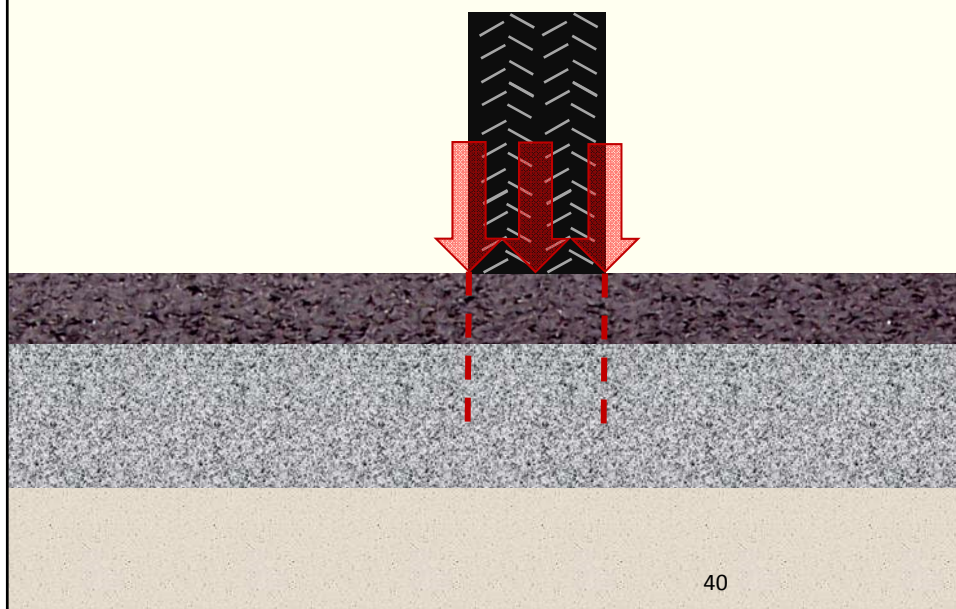
Signs of Rutting



Structural Distress Longitudinal Cracking in Wheel Path



Shear Cracking

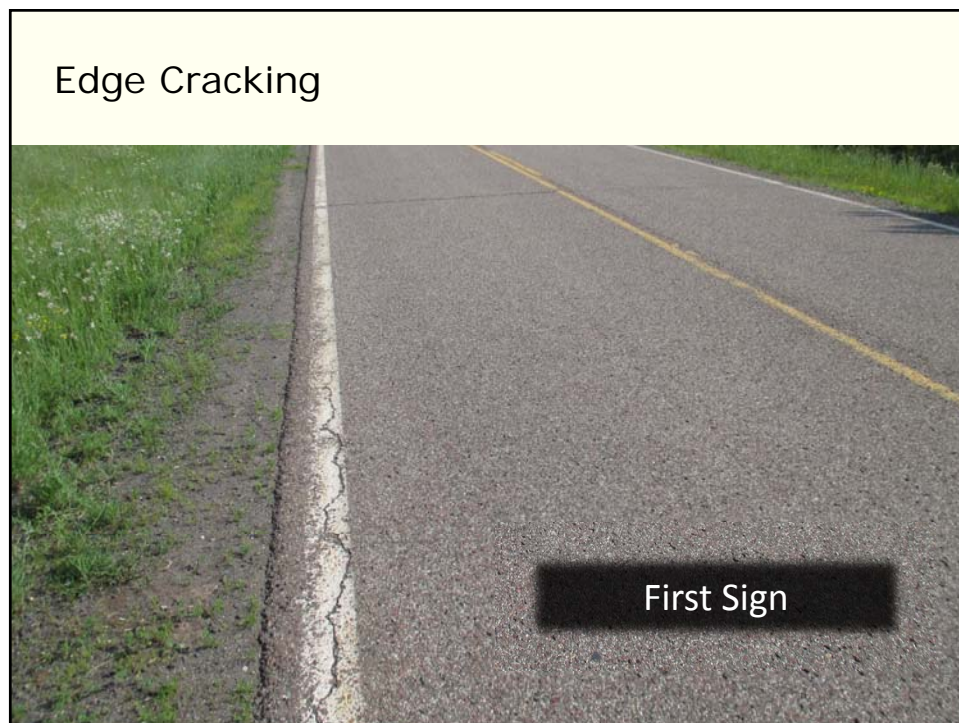
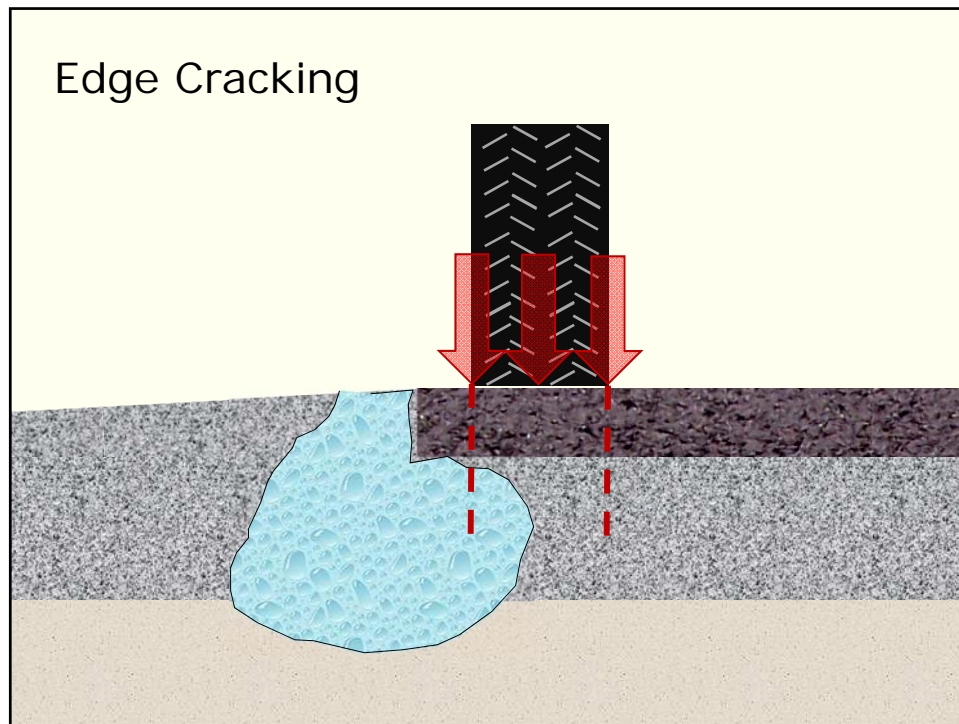


Longitudinal Cracking in Wheel Path

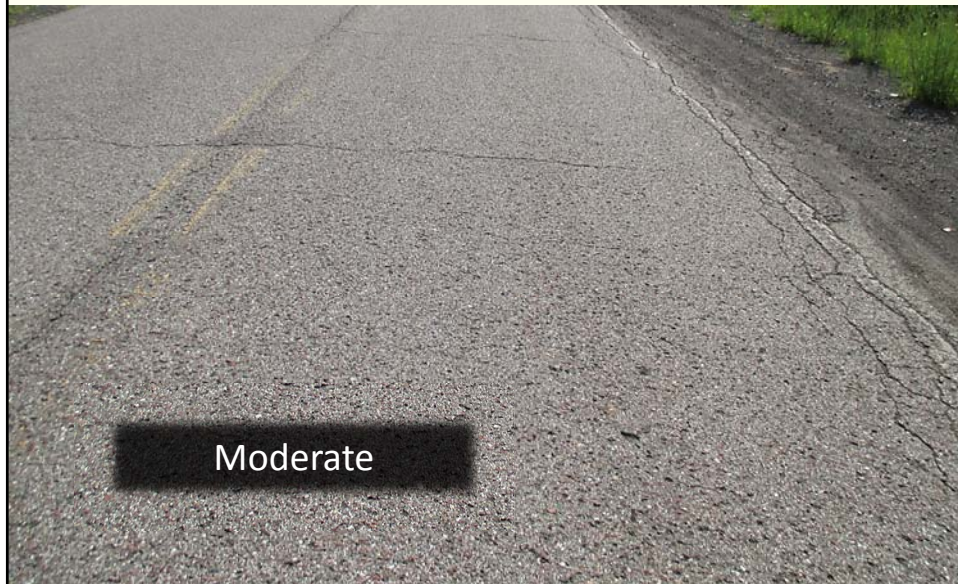


Structural Distress Edge Cracking





Edge Cracking



Structural Distress Edge Cracking



Structural Distress
Alligator (Fatigue) Cracking



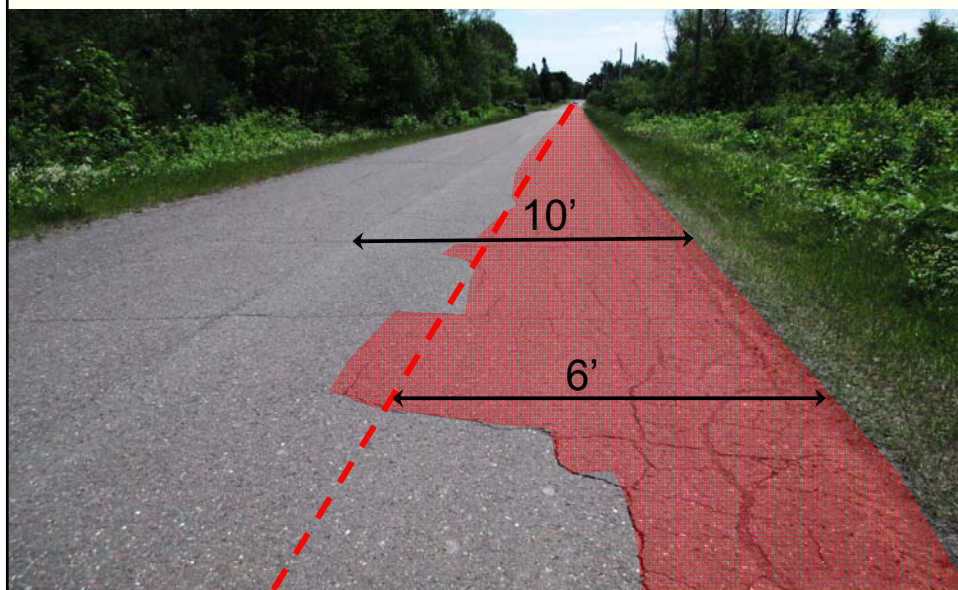
Alligator (Fatigue) Cracking



Structural Distress
Alligator (Fatigue) Cracking



Percentage of Worst Lane



Primary Age-related Distresses



Transverse
cracking



Longitudinal
joint cracking



Block cracking

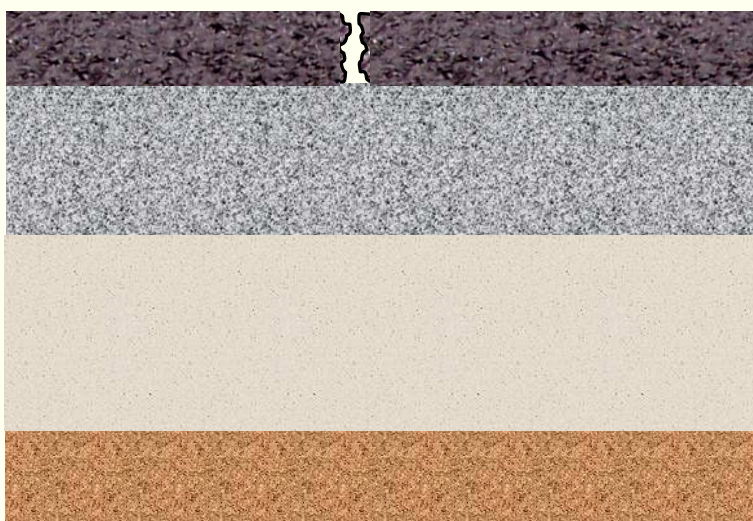
Environment



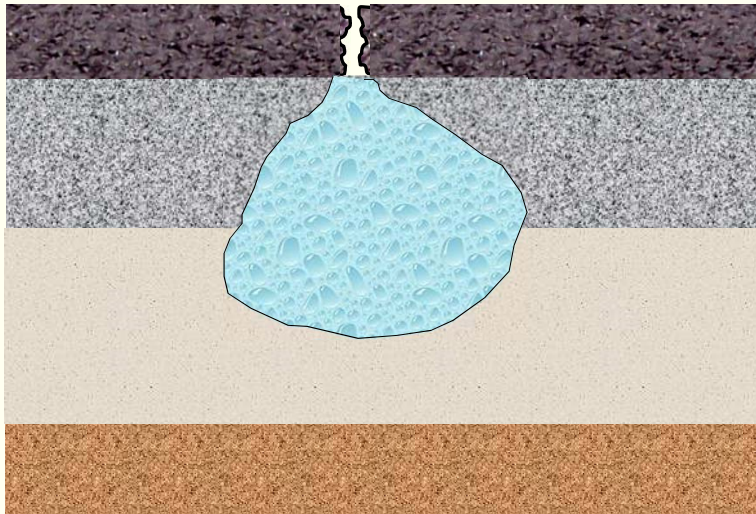
Environment



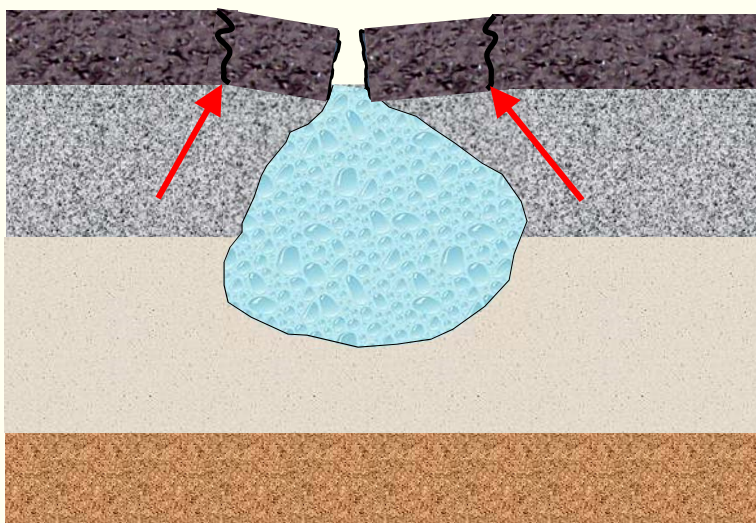
First Distress



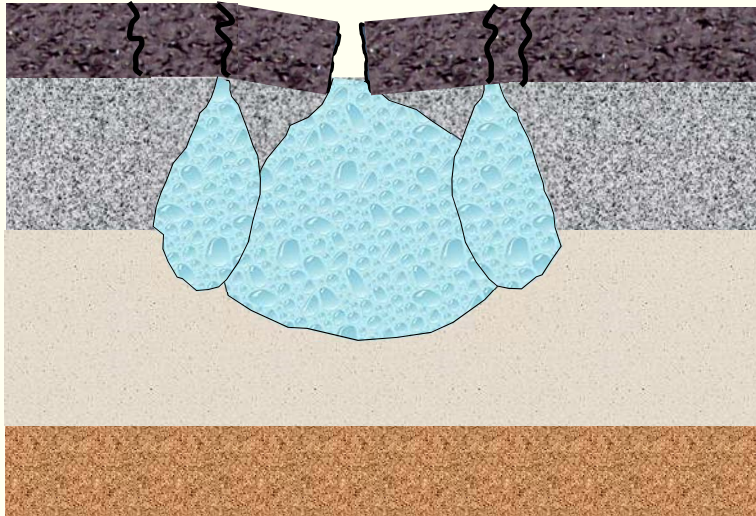
Water Intrusion



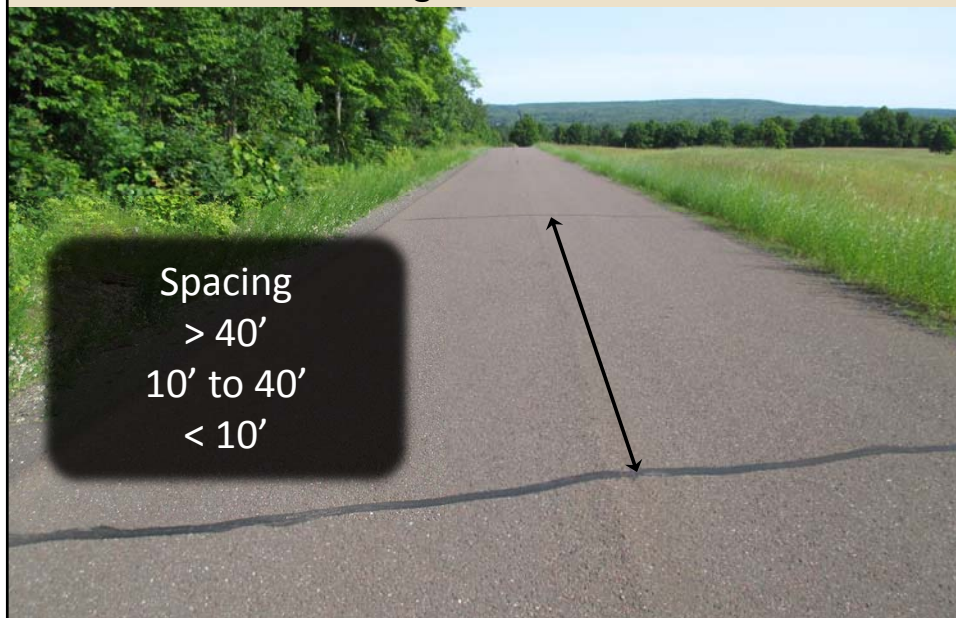
Base Weakening & Loss of Support



Distress Propagation



Primary Aging Distress Transverse Cracking

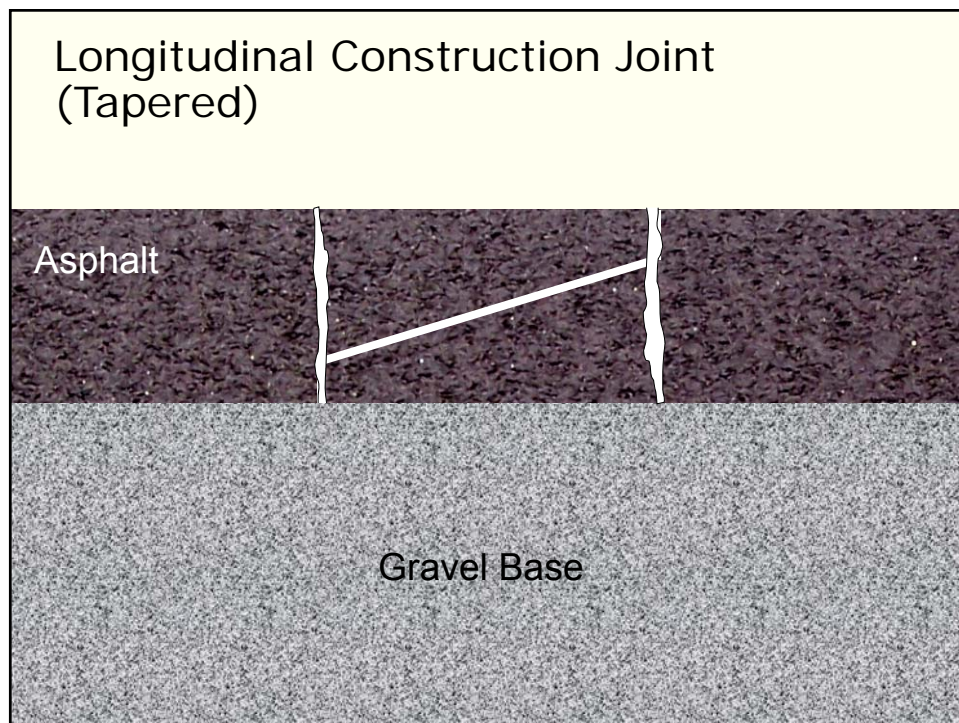
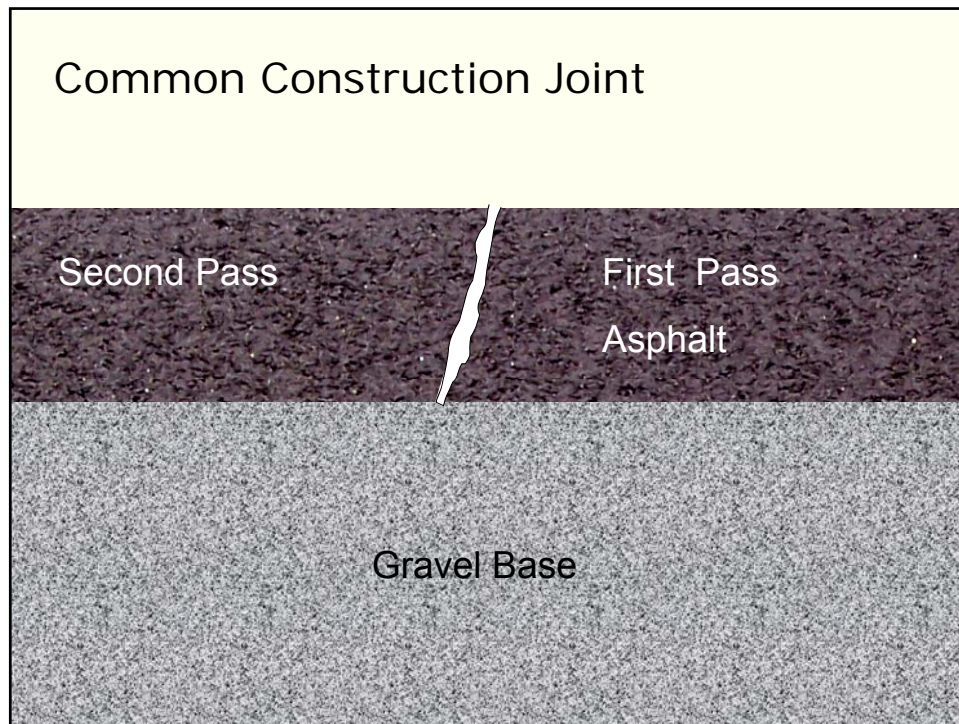


Poll Question



Primary Aging Distress Longitudinal Joint Cracking

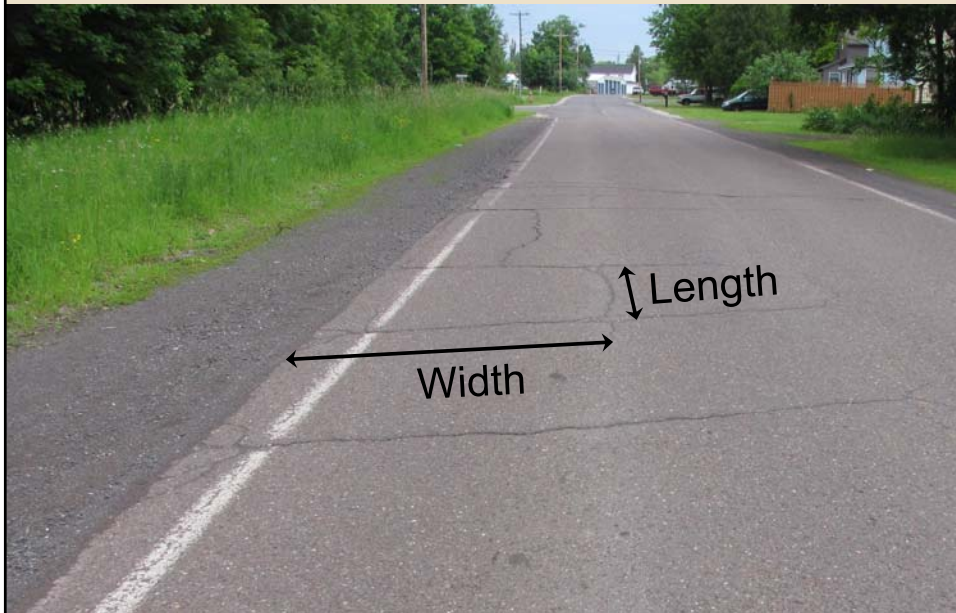


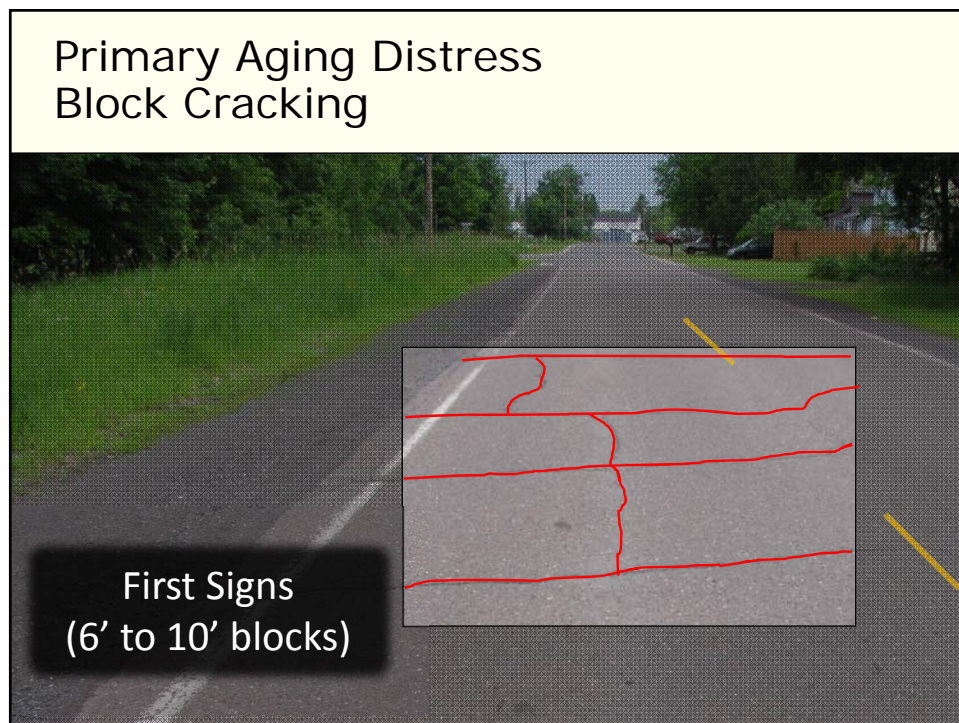
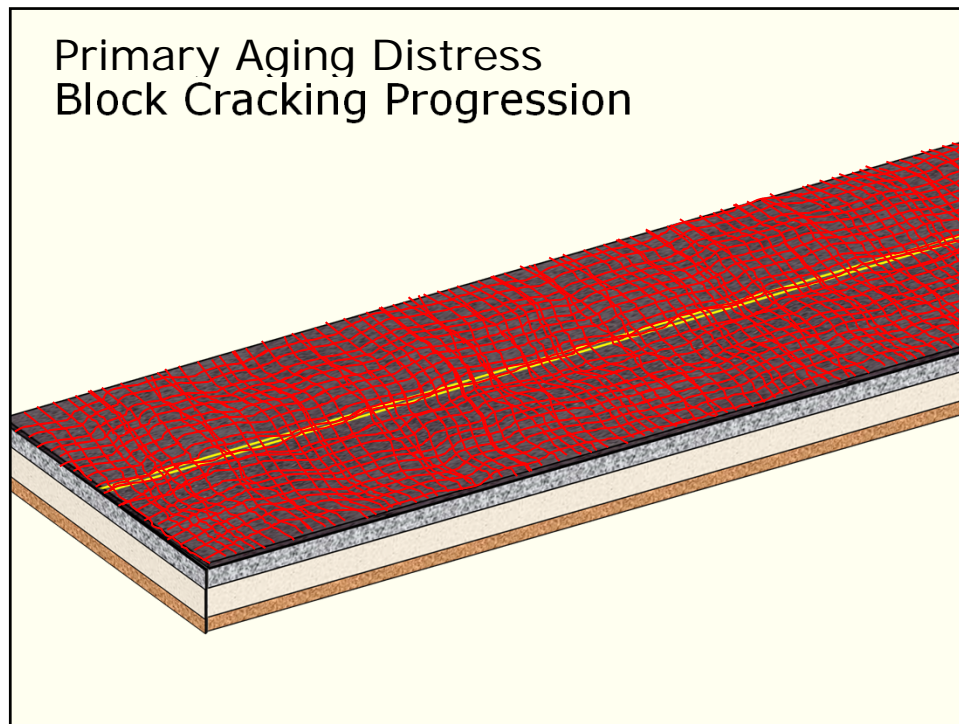


Longitudinal Tapered Joint Cracking

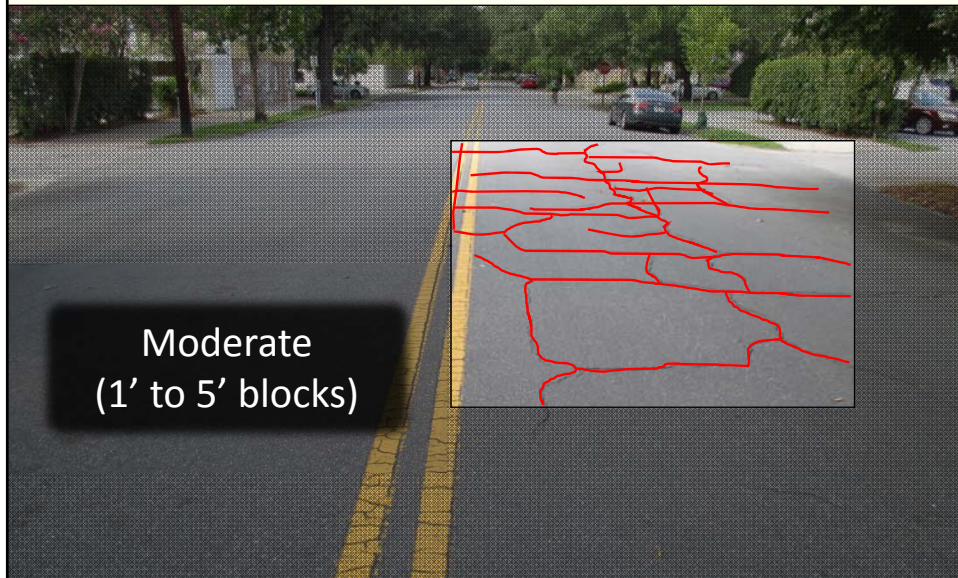


Primary Aging Distress Block Cracking

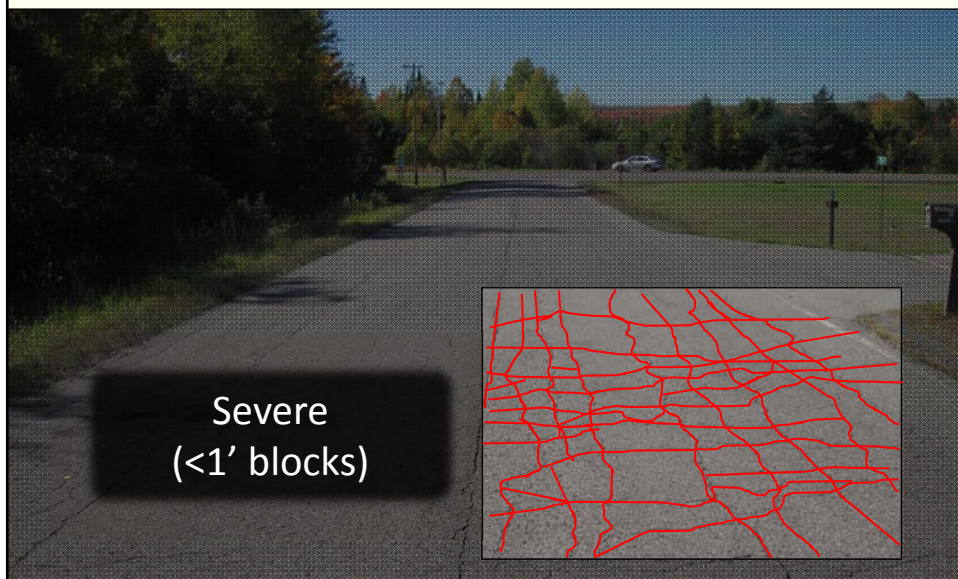




Primary Aging Distress Block Cracking



Primary Aging Distress Block Cracking



Widths of Cracks



Tight

Width of Cracks



Open

Width of Cracks



Secondary

More Than Just a Crack.....



Structural

Surface Defects



Raveling



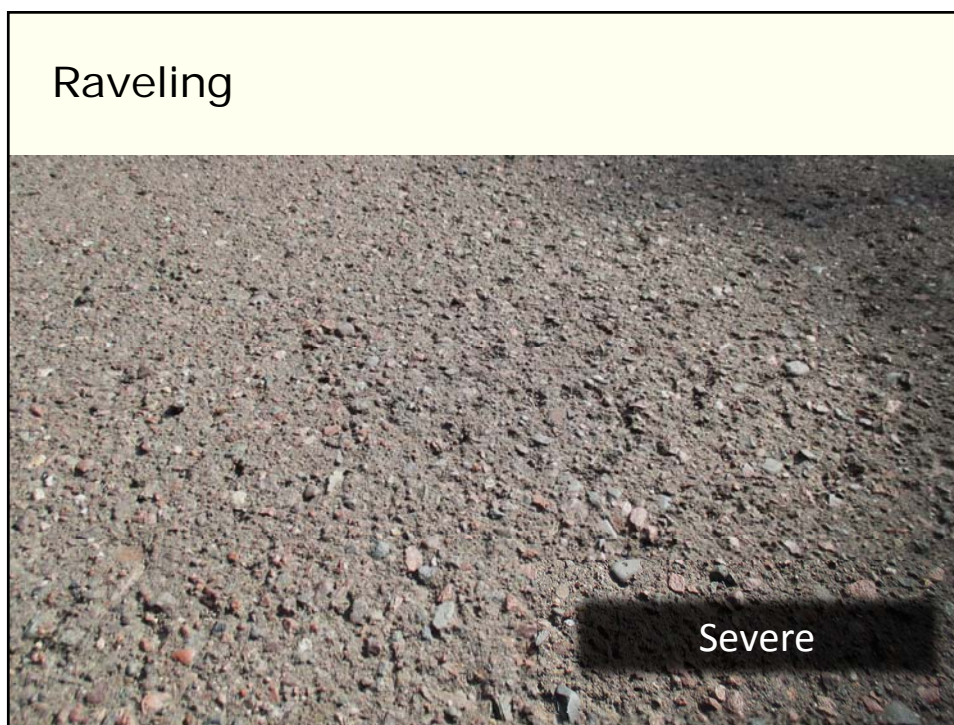
Flushing/
bleeding



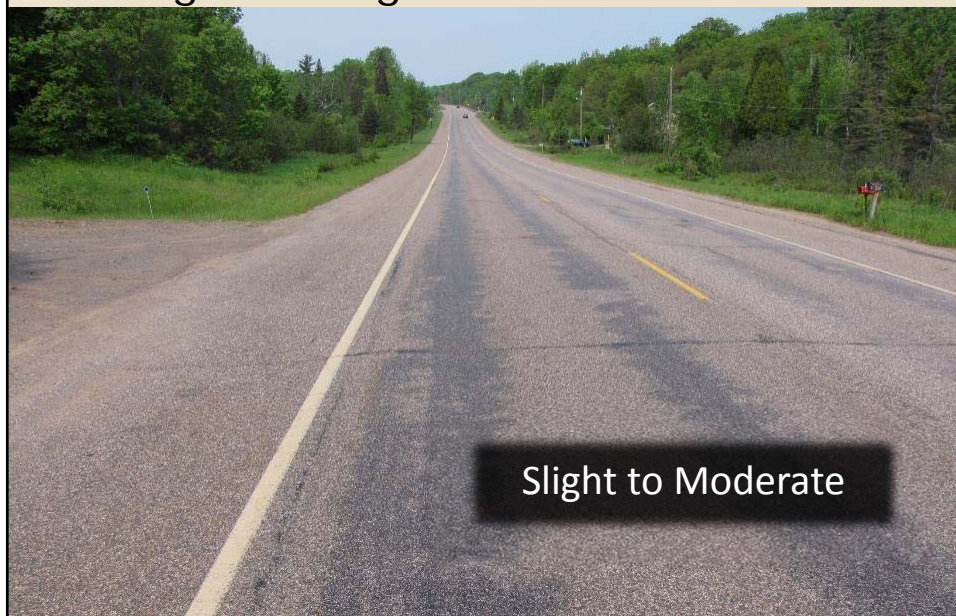
Polishing

Surface Defect Raveling



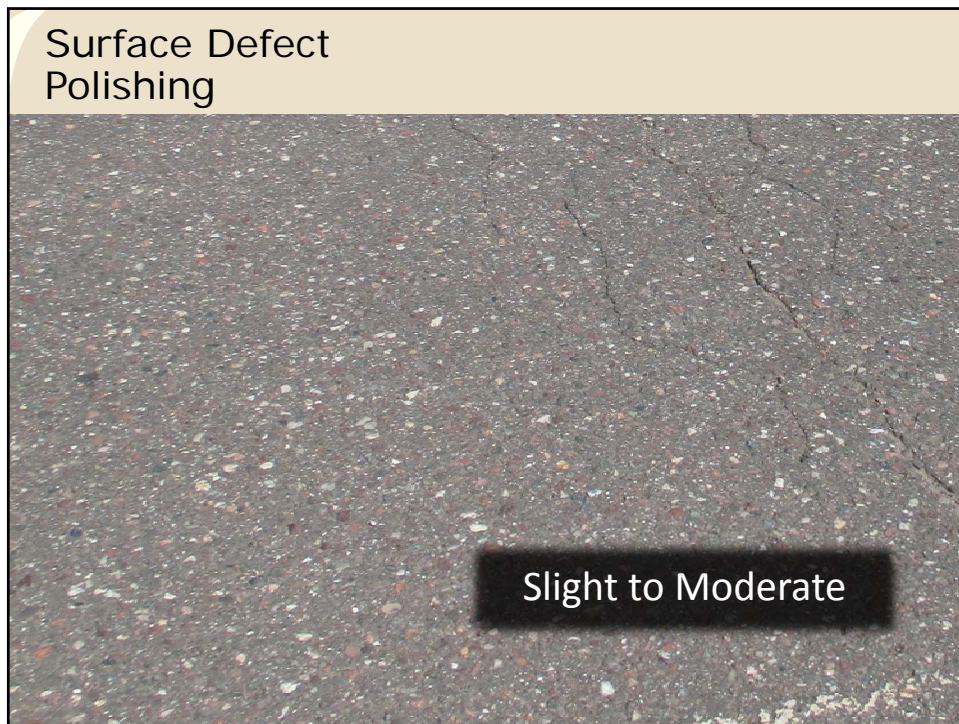


Surface Defect
Flushing/Bleeding



Flushing / Bleeding



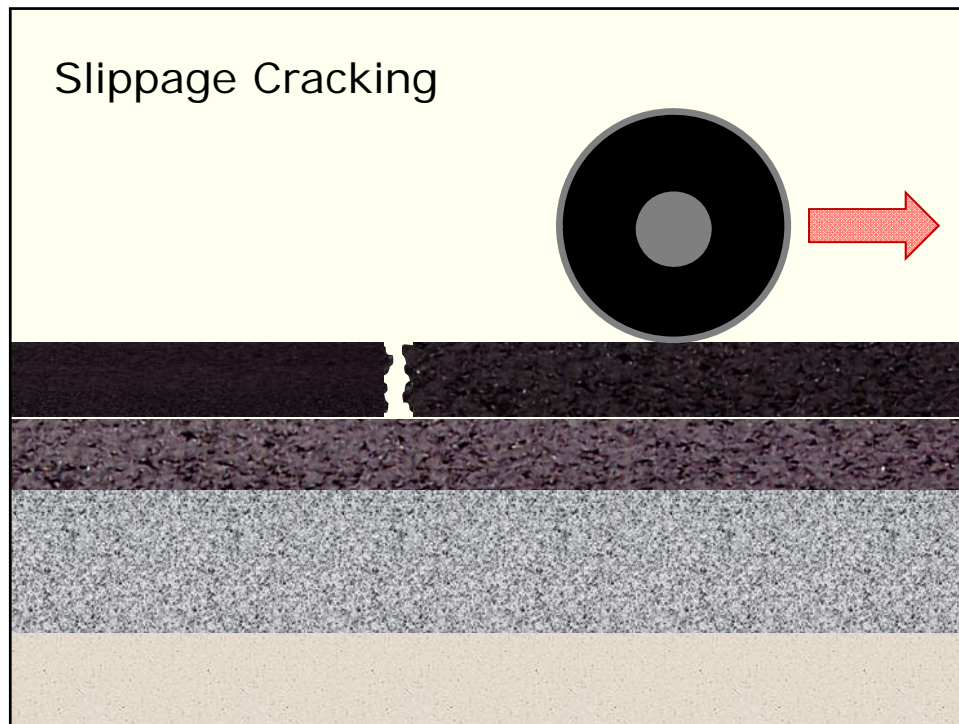


Asphalt Limited Extent Distresses

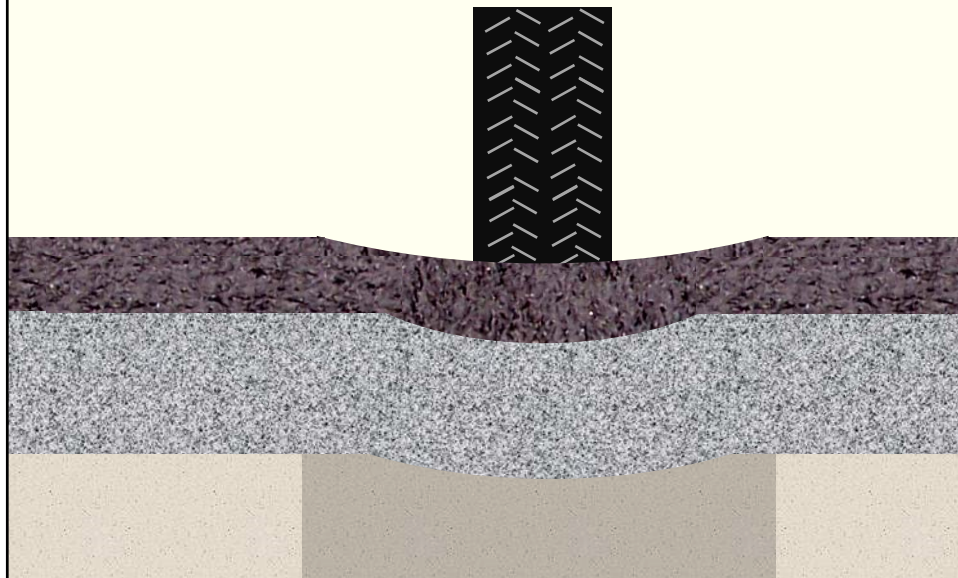
- Slippage cracks
- Shoving & rippling
- Heave & settling

Limited Extent Distress Slippage Crack

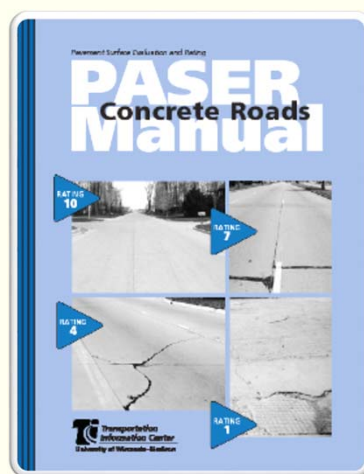




Differential Settlement



Concrete Pavement



Ask the Audience



Concrete Distress Types

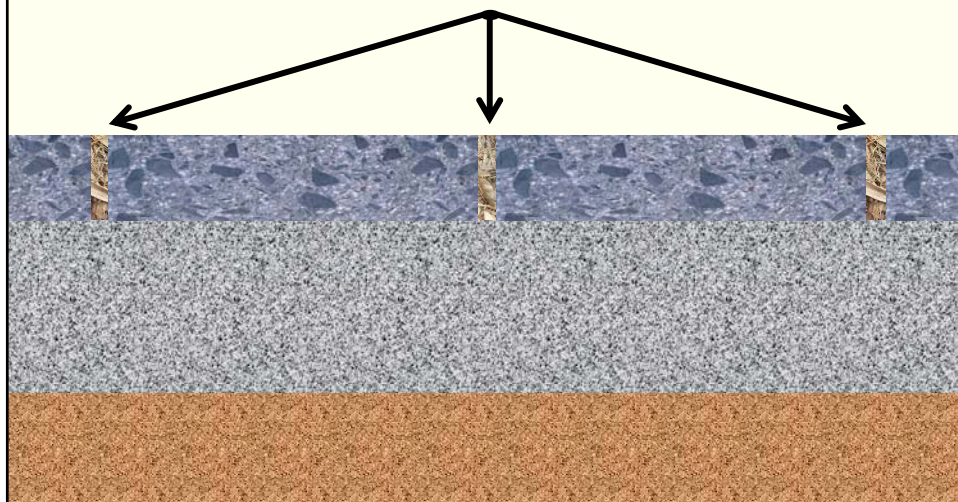
- Deformations
- Joint Distress
- Cracking
- Surface Distress

Concrete Deformations

- Blowups
- D-cracking
- Faulting

Deformations Blowups

Non-compressible Material

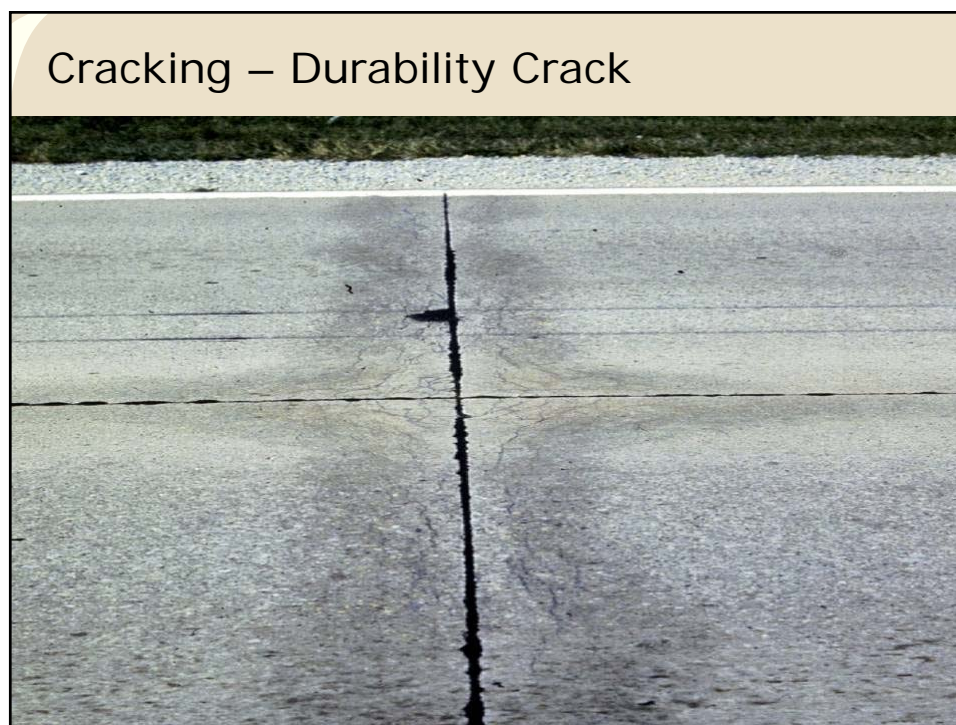
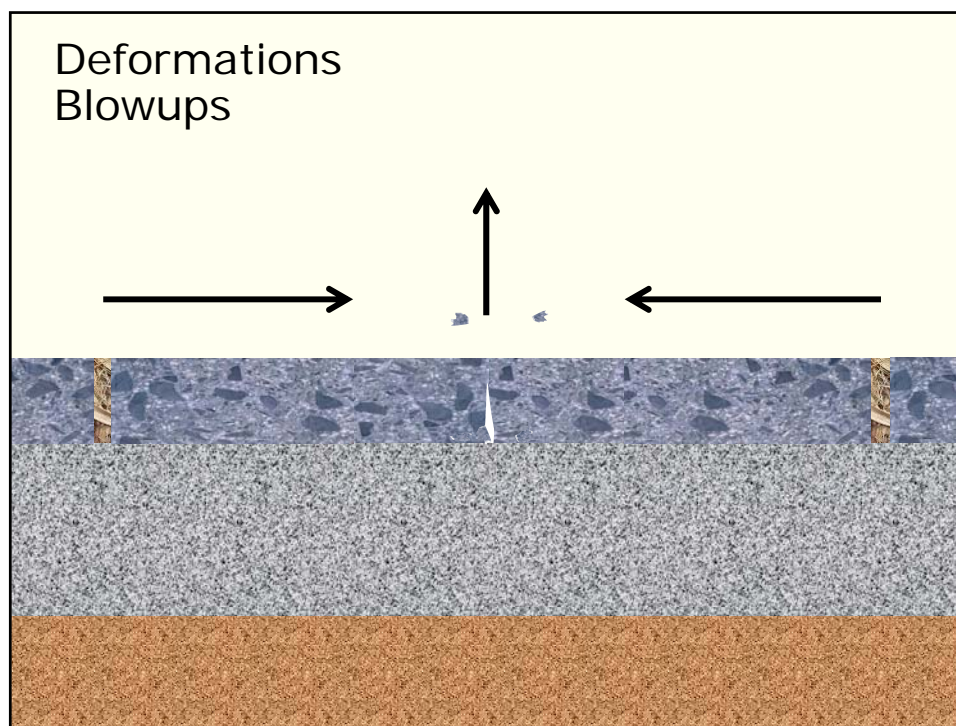


Deformations Blowups

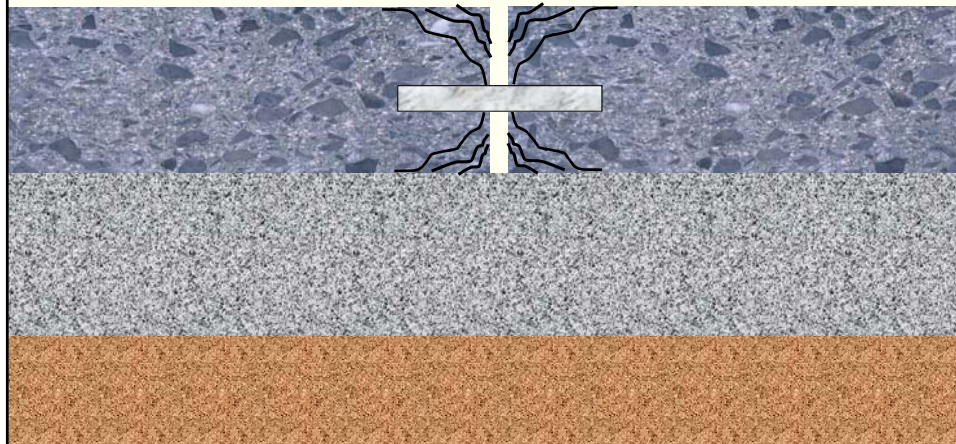


Deformations Blowups or Tenting



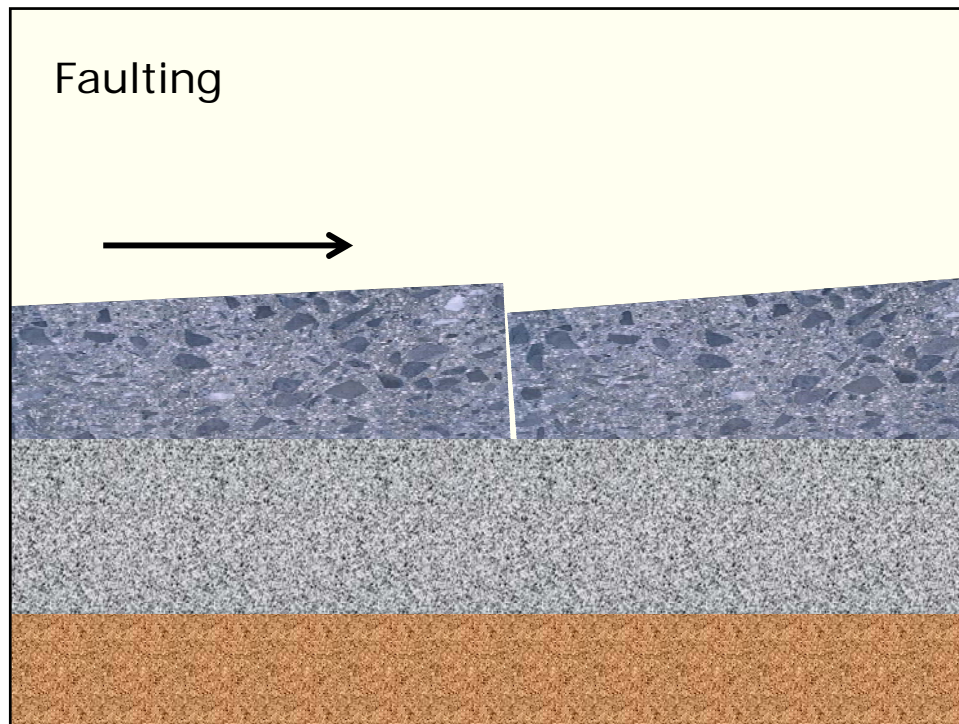


Cracking Durability Crack



Deformations – Faulting

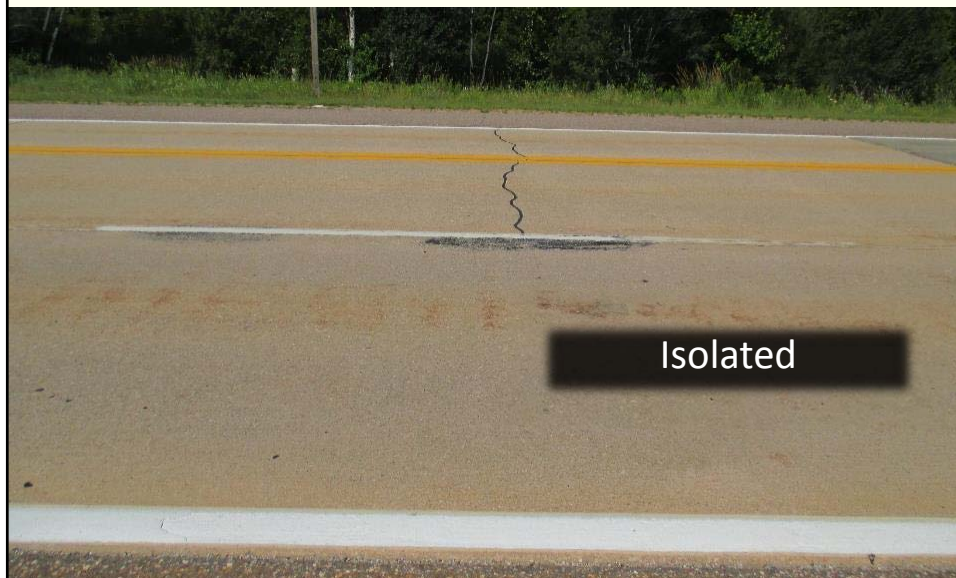




Concrete Cracking

- Transverse cracking
- Meander cracking
- Corner cracking

Cracking
Transverse Crack



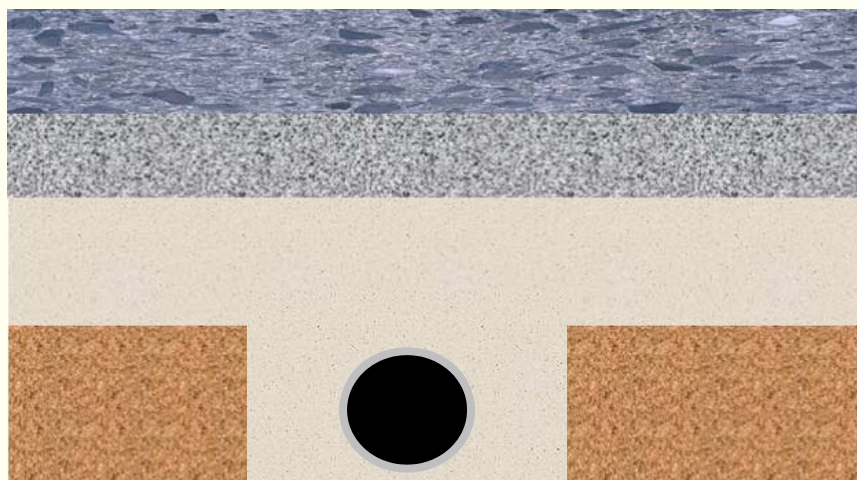
Cracking
Transverse Crack



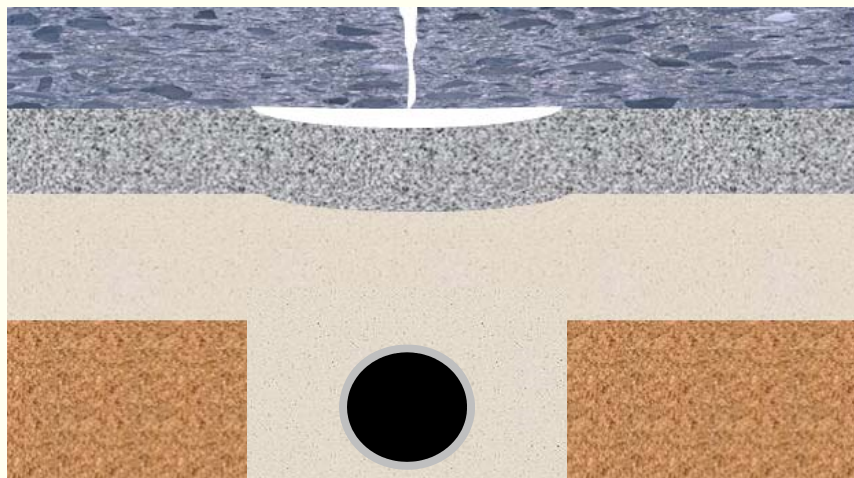
Cracking Meander Crack



Settlement – Utility Trench



Settlement – Utility Trench



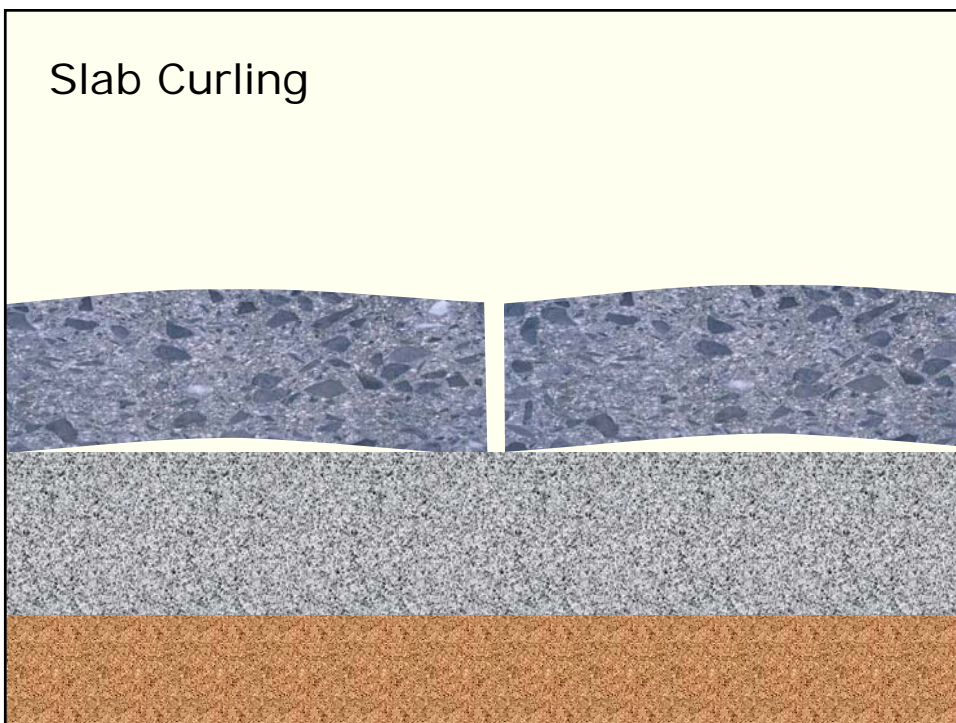
New Construction Meander Crack



Cracking Corner Break and Crack



Slab Curling



Spalling Happens On:

- Transverse joints
- Longitudinal joints
- Transverse cracks
- Meander cracks
- Corner cracks
- Shallow reinforcing steel

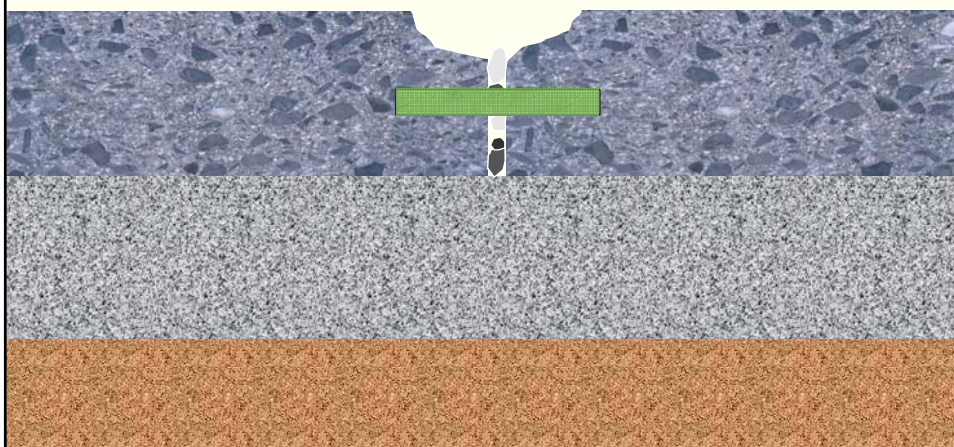
Joint Distress - Spalling



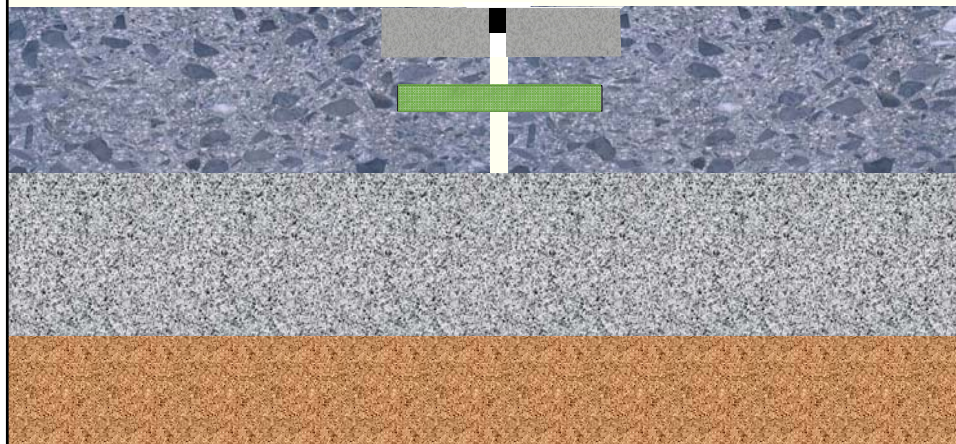
Dowel Bars (load transfer)



Incompressible Material Causes Joint Spalling



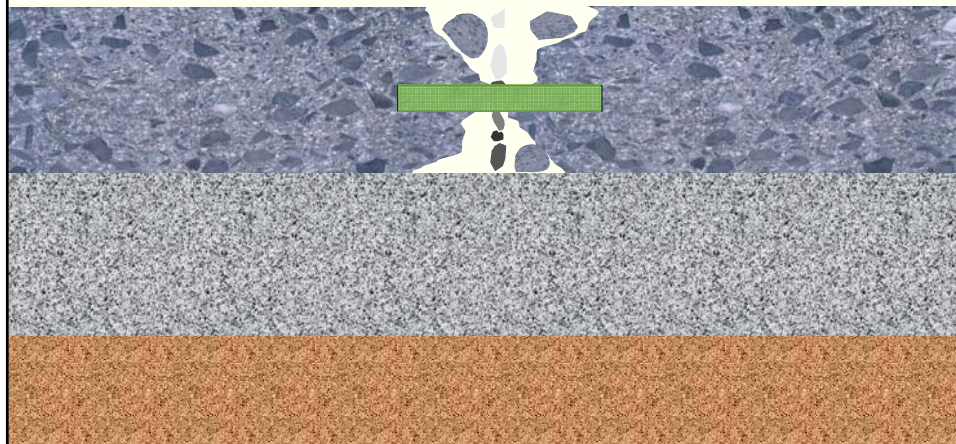
Partial Depth Joint Repair



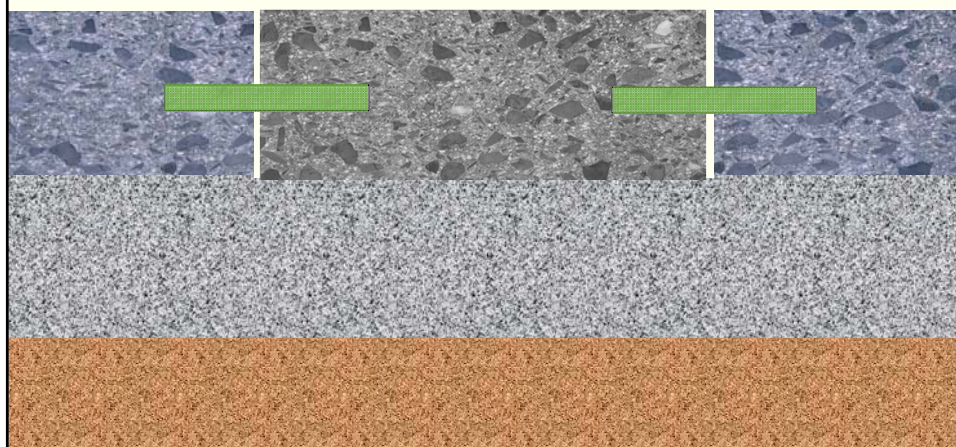
Partial Depth Joint Repair



Full Depth Needed



Full Depth Joint Repair



Full Depth Joint Repairs



Joint and Crack - Spalling



Joint and Crack - Spalling



First Sign

Joint and Crack - Spalling



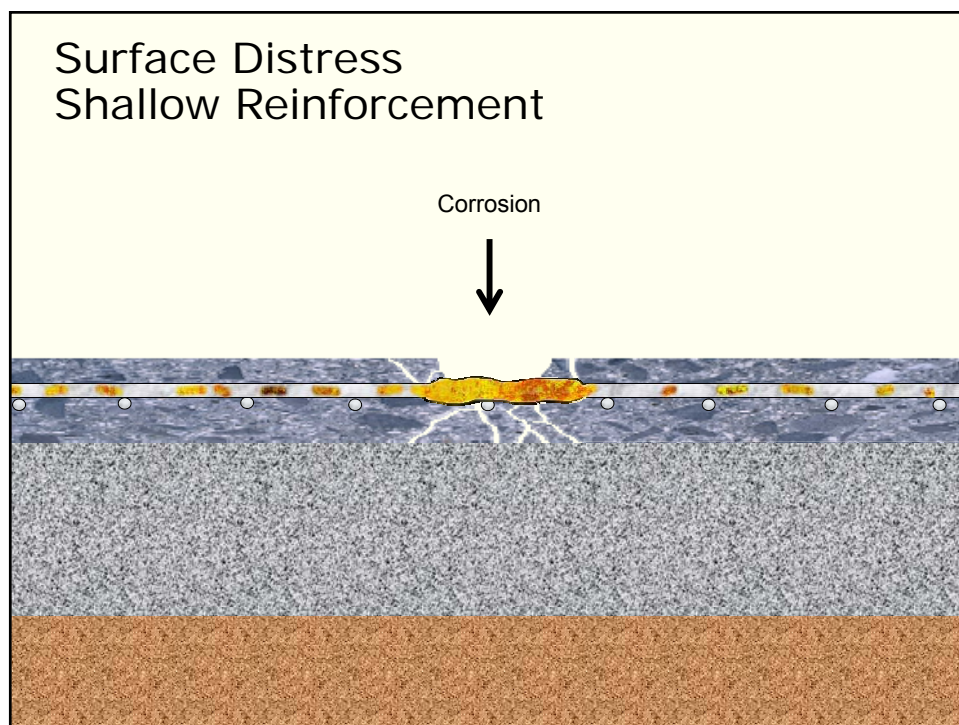
Severe

Concrete Surface Distresses

- Due to shallow reinforcement
- Scaling
- Pop outs
- Map cracking
- Polishing

Surface Distress Shallow Reinforcement





Surface Distress
Shallow Reinforcement



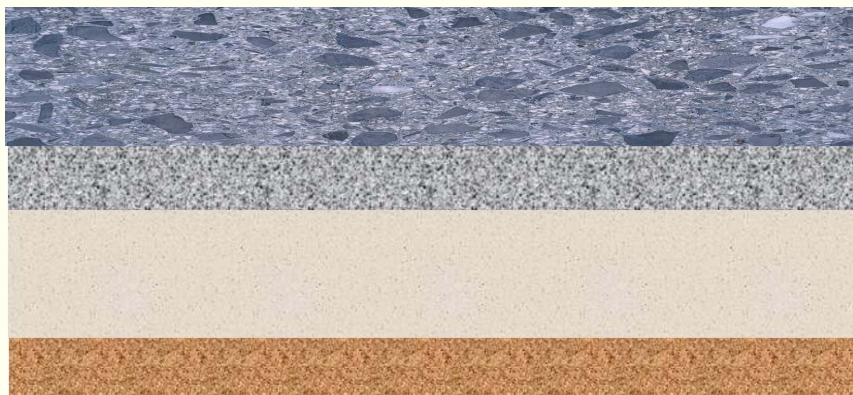
Surface Distress
Shallow Reinforcement



Surface Distress - Scaling



Surface Scaling

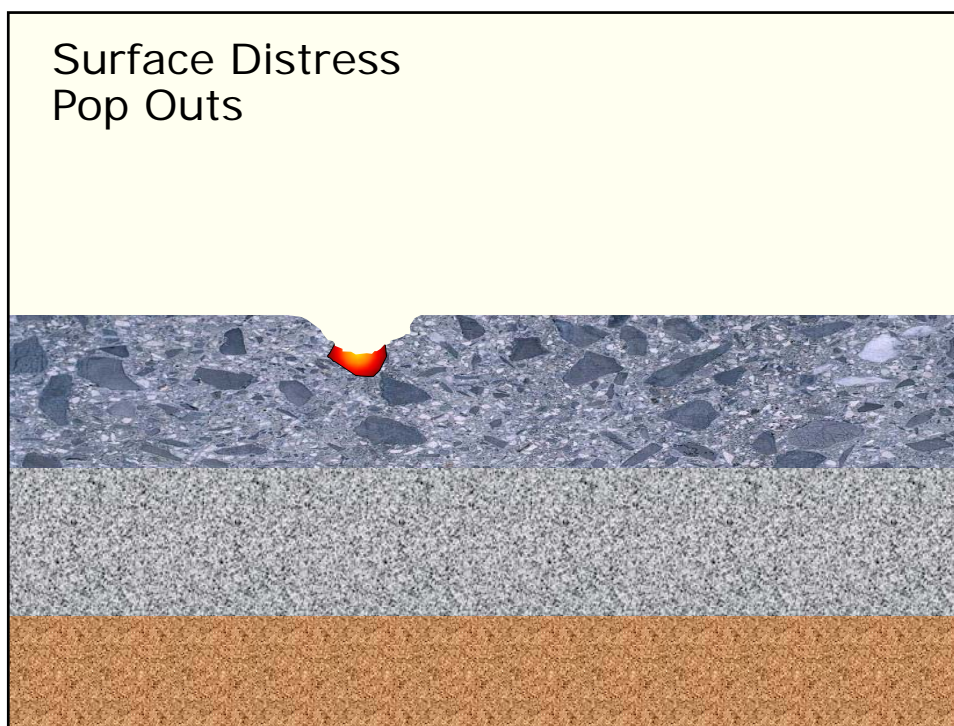


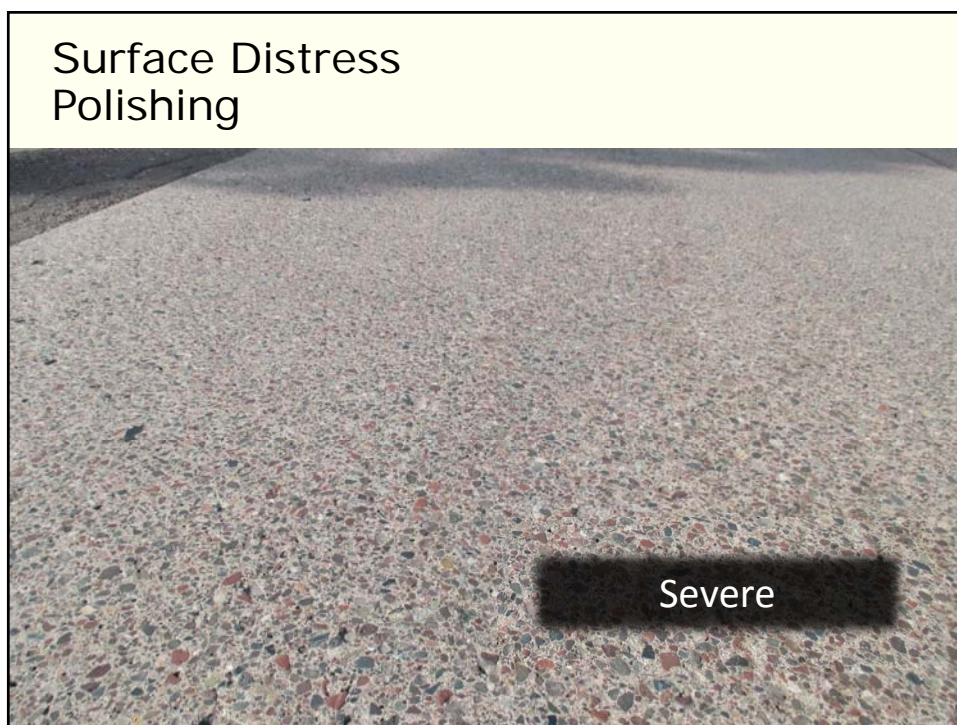
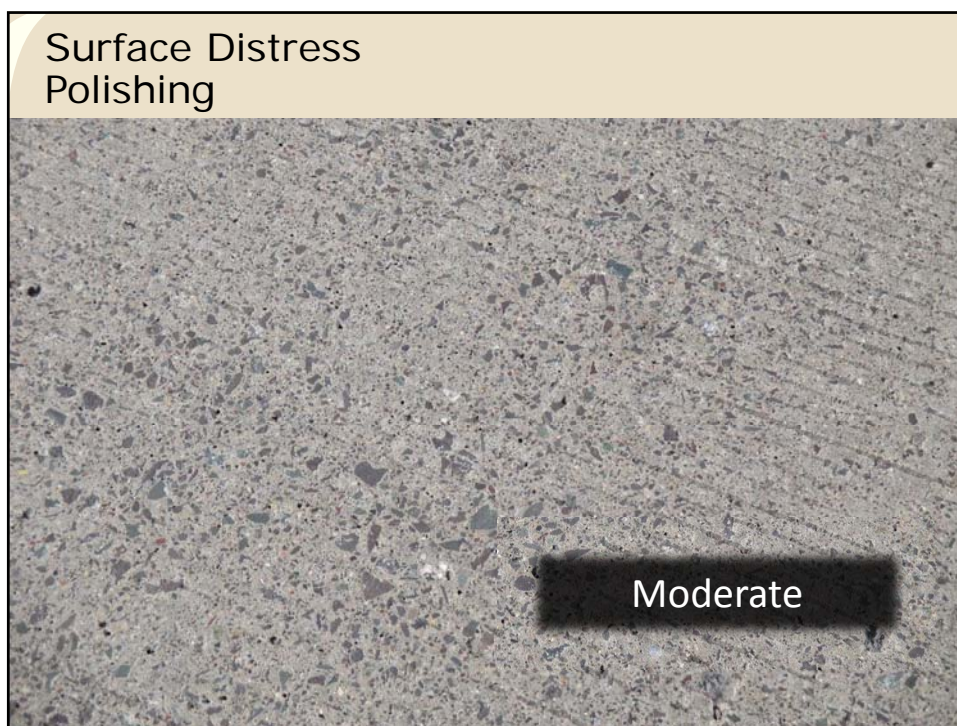
Surface Distress Scaling



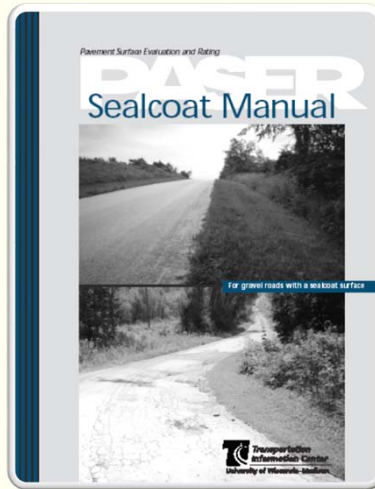
Surface Distress Pop Outs



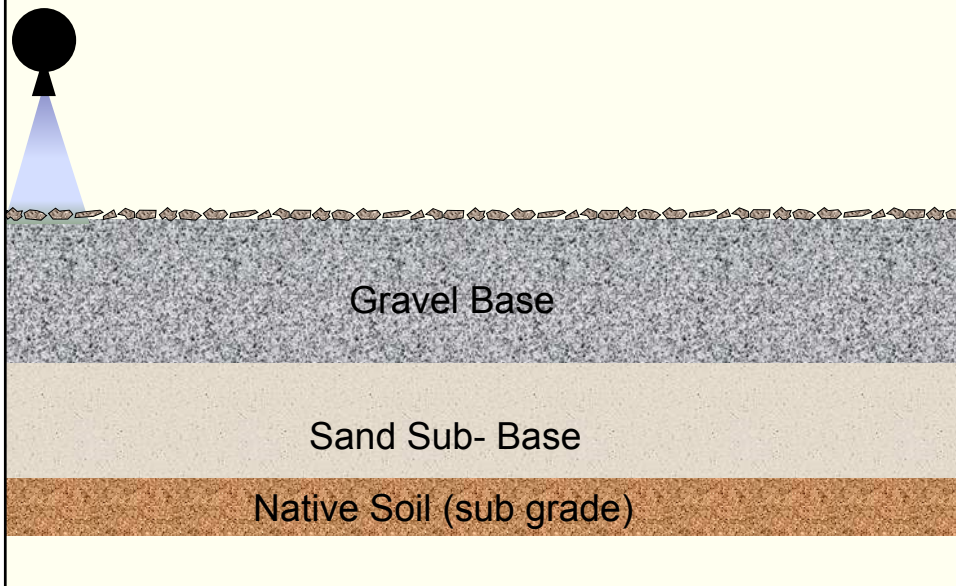


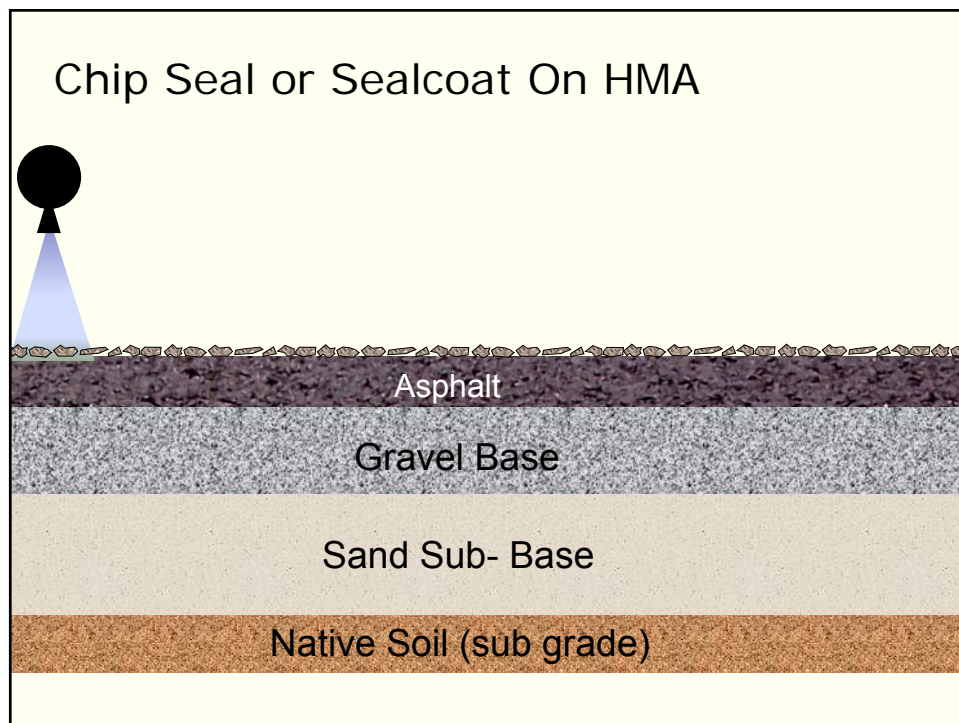
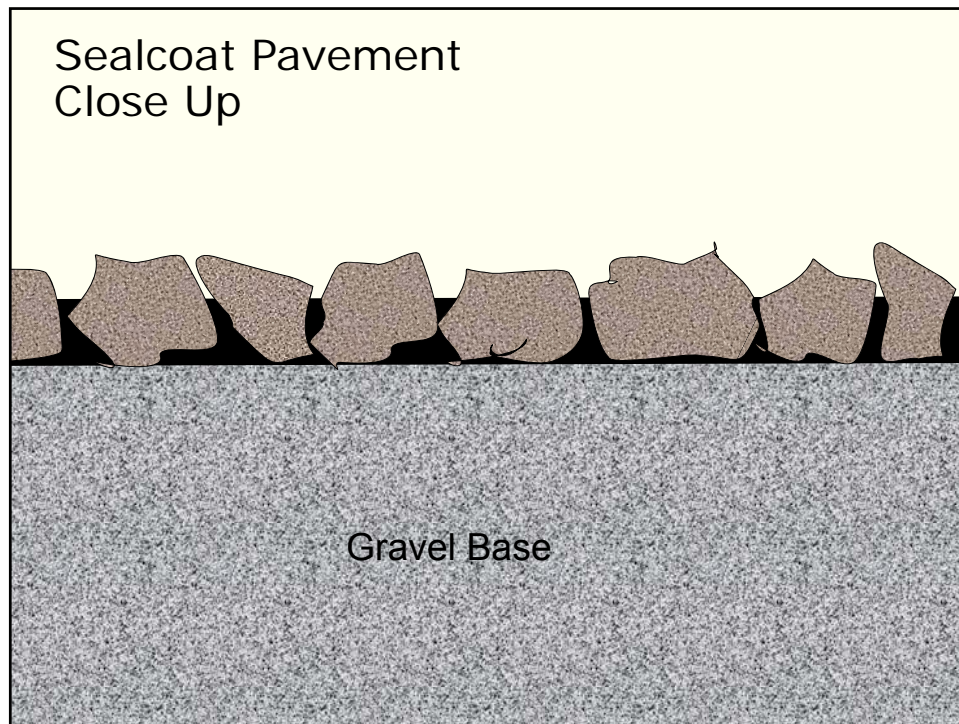


Sealcoat Pavements

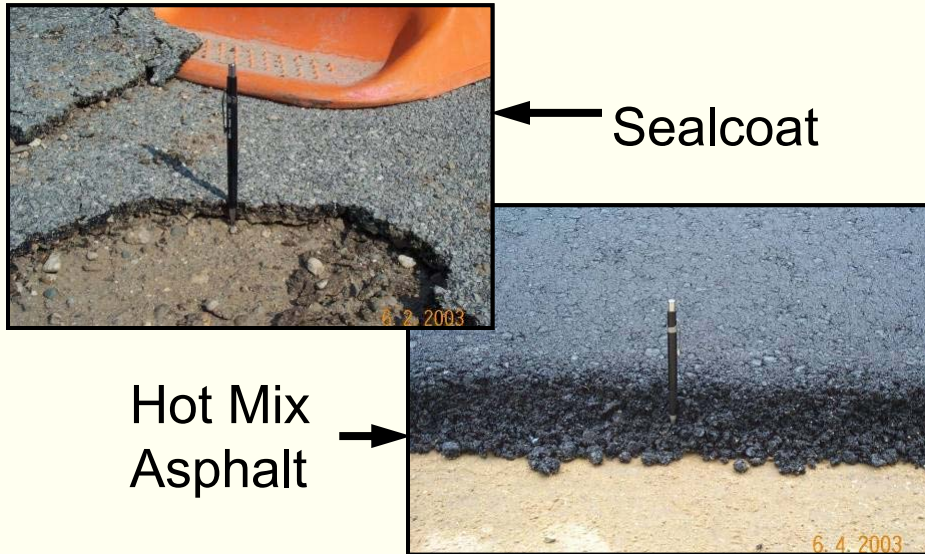


Sealcoat Pavement





Asphalt vs. Sealcoat



Sealcoat Distress Types



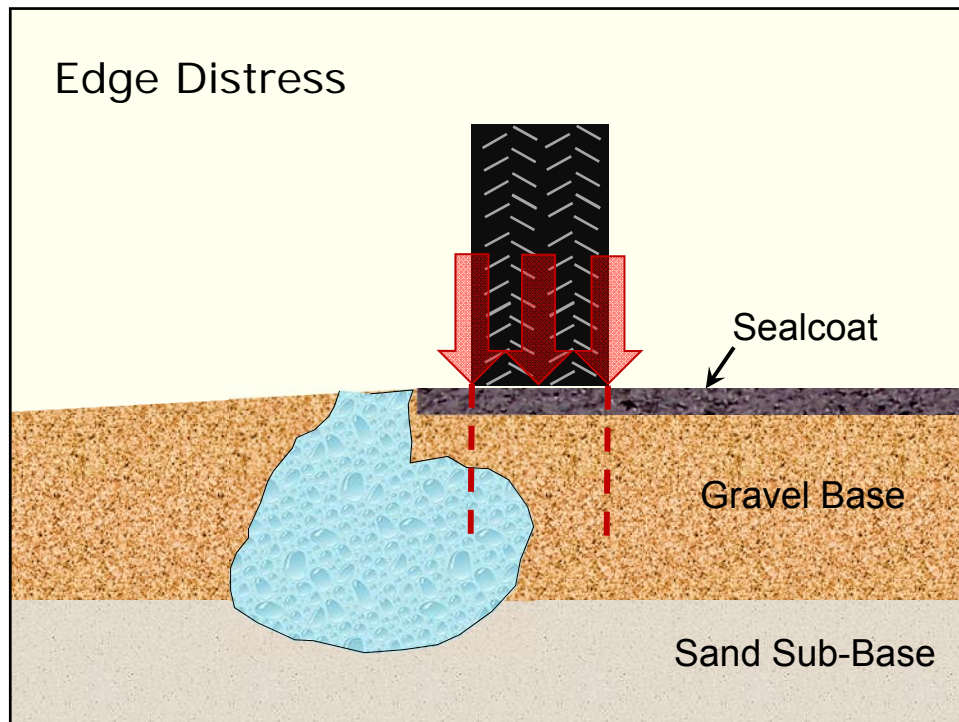
Raveling

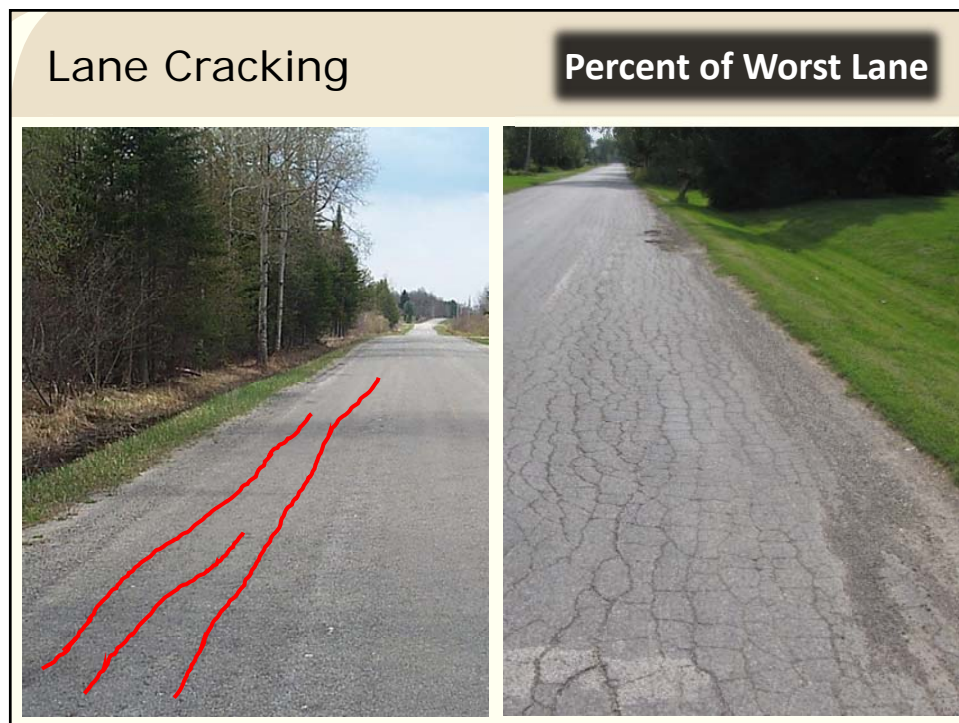
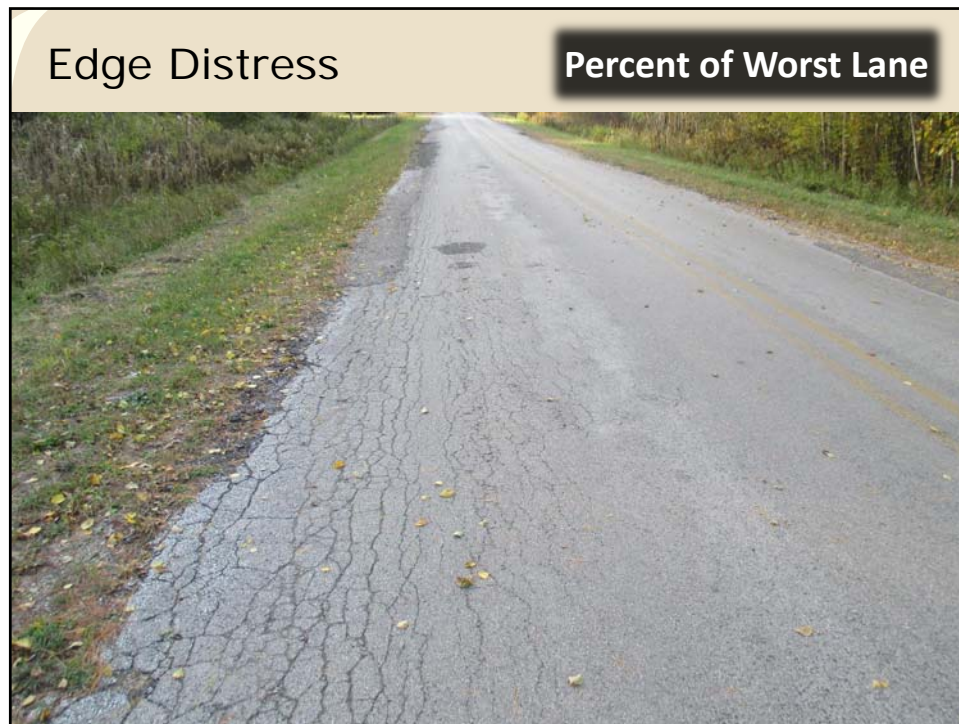


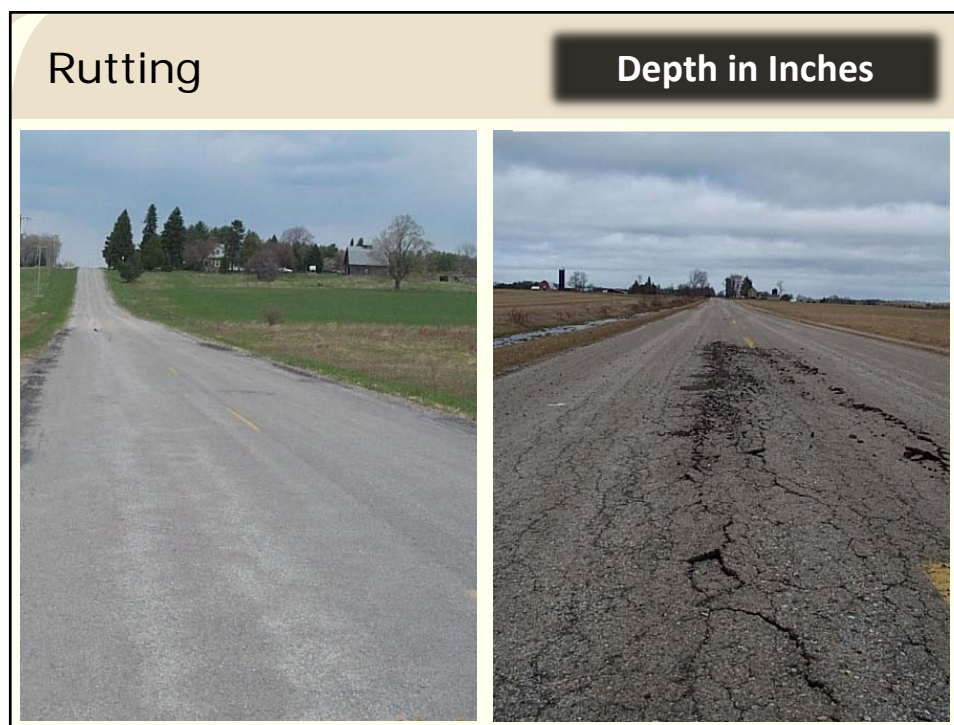
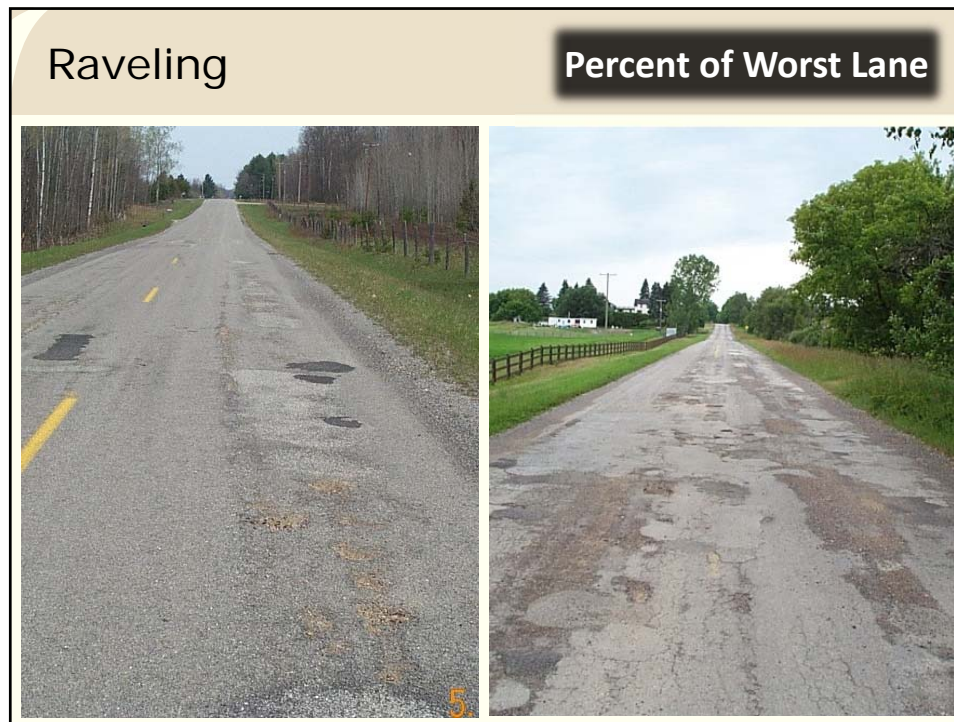
Edge Cracks

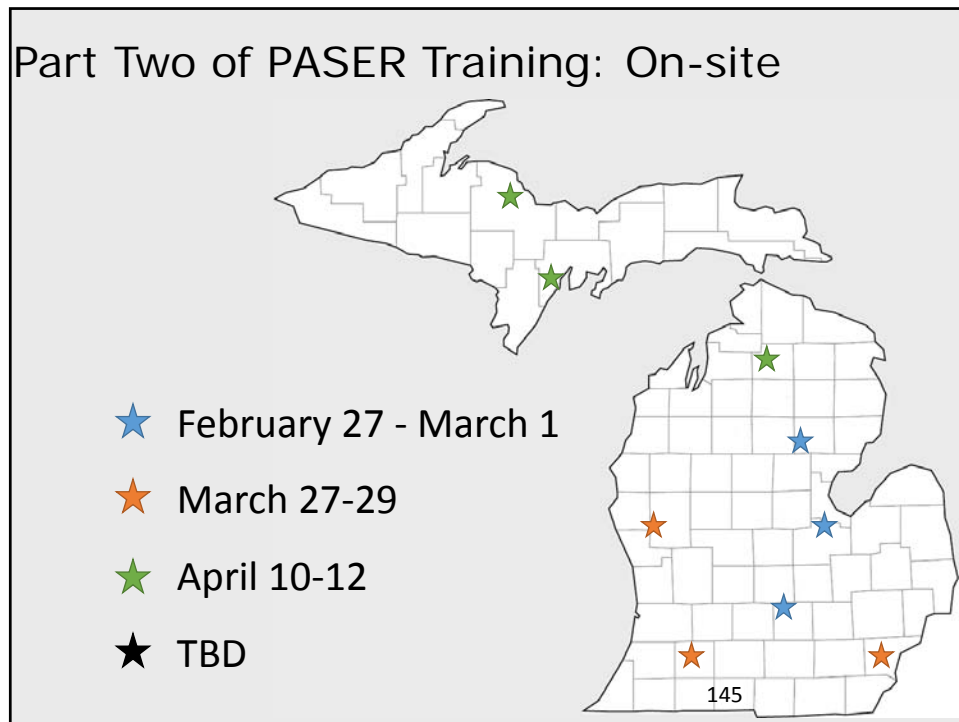


Lane Cracks/Ruts







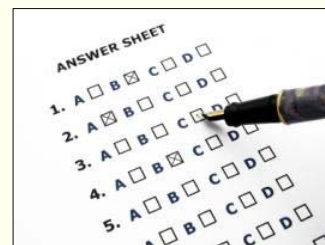


Rater Certification Test

- Not required
- Relief from webinar & on-site training next year
- 3 or 6 years (prior to 2018) rating experience and training required
- Pre-registration required



Michigan
Transportation Asset
Management Council



146

Final Thoughts

- Register for:
 - On-Site training
 - IBR training
 - Certification Testing (if invited)
- Safety when Rating
- Review PASER Manuals prior to On-Site training

We will see you in the classroom!