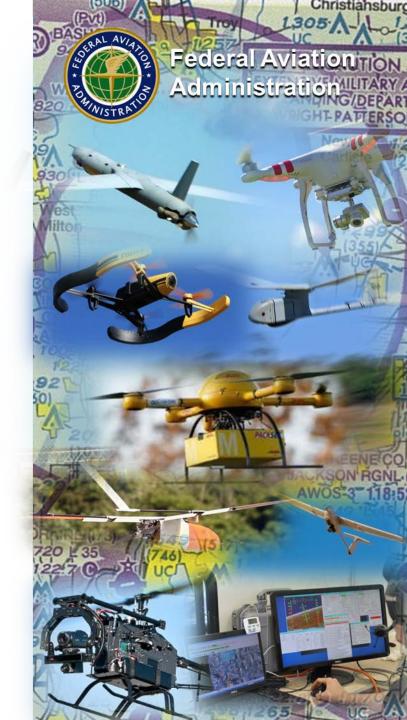
Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) 101

Presented to: Contract Management Conference

Presented by: Bryan Budds / Mike Soper, MDOT

Date: March 5, 2019



Overview

- Unmanned Aircraft Systems
 - What & Why
- FAA Authority
- Types of UAS Operations
 - 333 Exemptions
 - Hobby/Recreational Operations
 - Small UAS Rule (Part 107)
- Outreach Efforts





What is a UAS?

Unmanned Aircraft System

A UAS is a system:

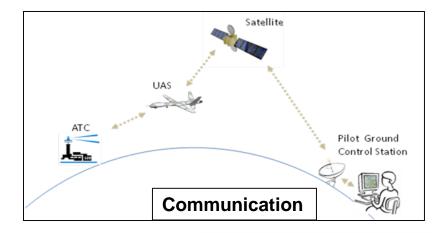
- 1. Unmanned Aircraft
- 2. Ground Control Station
- 3. Command & Control Link(s)

Also known as:

- Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV)
- Remotely Piloted Aircraft System (RPAS)
- RC Model Aircraft
- Drone











Why Use a UAS?

- UAS operations are particularly effective for missions that are dangerous or dull
 - Humans are not put at risk
 - Continuous operations are possible
- Operations with UAS often cost less than using manned aircraft





What is the FAA's Authority?

- U.S. airspace is public space
 - 49 U.S.C. §40103(a)(1)
- UAS are aircraft subject to regulation
 - 49 U.S.C. §40102(a)(6); PL 112-95 §331 & §336; 14 CFR 1.1
 - An aircraft is any device used, or intended to be used, for flight
- UAS must comply with FAA regulations

Types of UAS Operations

	333 Exemption Operations	Model Operations	Part 107 Operations
Pilot Requirements	Must have Part 61 pilot certificate	No FAA pilot requirements	 Must have Part 107 Remote Pilot certificate
Aircraft Requirements	 Must be listed in the exemption < .55 pounds must be registered 	 < .55 pounds must be registered 	 Must be less than 55 pounds < 0.55 pounds must be registered
Location Requirements	 Must comply with the Certificate of Authorization (COA) 	 Must notify all airports and air traffic control (if applicable) within 5 sm 	 Class B, C, D, and surface E require ATC permission Class G, & the rest of Class E without ATC permission
Operating Rules	 Operator requires an exemption. Must comply with Part 91, and the Conditions & Limitations in the exemption. 	 Must keep aircraft in visual line-of-sight Must follow community-based safety guidelines 	 Must comply with Part 107. Operator may have waiver from certain parts of the rule.
Purpose	Any Civil operations allowed by the exemption	Only Recreational or certain Educational flying	 Any Civil operations allowed under the rule.

The Small UAS Rule (Part 107)

- First rules for routine operation of small UAS (<55 pounds)
- Took effect August 29, 2016
- Recreational operators may fly under part 107 or Public Law 112-95 Section 336/Part 101 criteria



Part 107 Operating Rules

- Visual line-of-sight only
- Daylight or civil twilight only
- No operations over people
- Must yield right-of-way to manned aircraft
- One UAS per operator
- Max groundspeed of 100 mph
- External load operation permitted if the load does not affect flight operations or control



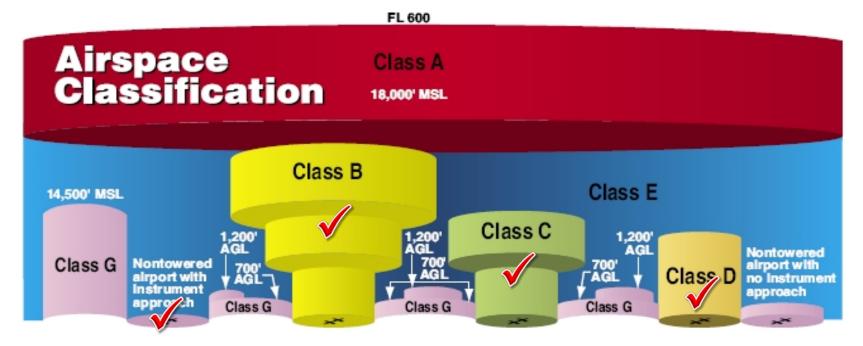
The Basics

- Remote Pilot Certificate required
- Must not have any known medical issues
- <400' AGL or within 400' of a structure; other airspace use requires authorization
- UAS must weigh <55 lbs.
- Registration required





Part 107 Airspace Requirements



- Class B, C, D & surface Class E require ATC authorization
- Class G and the rest of Class E without ATC authorization
- Phased approach to airspace authorizations
- Online portal available at https://www.faa.gov/uas

Waivable Provisions of Part 107

- Operation from a moving vehicle or aircraft (§ 107.25)
- Daylight operation (§ 107.29)
- Visual line of sight aircraft operation (§ 107.31)
- Visual observer (§ 107.33)
- Operation of multiple small UAS (§ 107.35)
- Yielding the right of way (§ 107.37(a))
- Operation over people (§ 107.39)
- Operation in certain airspace (§ 107.41)
- Operating limitations for small UAS (§ 107.51)

Online portal available at www.faa.gov/uas/request_waiver/

Unmanned Aerial Systems Statewide Integration

March 4, 2019



UAS - Evolving Policy, Encouraging Innovation

- Unmanned Aircraft Systems Act (PA 432 of 2016, Amended 2018)
 - State Preemption, State Authorization for Use
 - Extension of self
 - Interference with public safety official
 - Interference with key facility
 - Harassment, restraining order, sexual offense
 - Protection of privacy rights
 - Michigan Aeronautics Commission UAS Program Office
 - Some State Agency Restrictions
 - UAS Task Force
- Federal Aviation Administration 2018 Reauthorization and Rulemaking
 - Draft Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) for beyond visual line of slight (BVLOS), flight over people
 - Hobbyist registration reinstated
 - Part 135-esque commercial rules
 - Remote ID and UAS Traffic Management (UTM)

Internal MDOT UAS Guidance Draft

- MDOT Guidance Document
 - Establish internal MDOT procedural and operational requirements in order to ensure the safety and efficiency of all UAS flight operations conducted by MDOT personnel or on behalf of MDOT
 - To ensure that MDOT, its employees, and other on behalf of MDOT remain compliant with 14 CFR Part 107 and/or MDOT Public Certificate of Authorization, and all other federal, state, and local laws.
- UAS Operational Policy & Guidelines for Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems
 - MDOT UAS Program Office & Program Manager / Training Officer
 - Bureau/Office Director, Region Engineer, or designee / UAS Coordinator
 - Remote Pilot in Command / UAS Pilot / UAS Operator / UAS Visual Observer
 - Procurement, Registration, Maintenance, SOPs
- Comments are welcome!
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